

For a world in motion



THE CATALOGUE

Speciality Lubricants Maintenance Products

35 YEARS OF TRIBOLOGICAL EXPERTISE – MADE IN GERMANY



OKS – your professional partner for chemotechnical special products

The OKS brand stands for high-performance products for reducing friction, wear and corrosion. Our products are used in all the areas of production and maintenance technology in which the performance limits of classic lubricants are exceeded.

Quality – Made in Germany

The continued success of OKS for more than 35 years is decisively characterised by the high quality and reliability of our products, as well as the fast implementation of customer requirements through innovative solutions.

The products developed by OKS engineers and chemists are produced under strict quality requirements in Maisach near Munich, Germany, our company's headquarters. Worldwide distribution is carried out just-in-time from Maisach, supported by a modern logistics centre.

The long-standing certifications by the TÜV SÜD Management Service GmbH in the fields of quality (ISO 9001: 2008), environment (ISO 14001: 2004) and work protection (OHSAS 18001: 2007) are proof of the high OKS quality standard.

TO 14001

A company of the Freudenberg Group

Since 2003 OKS Spezialschmierstoffe GmbH has been part of the international Freudenberg Group, with headquarters in Weinheim, Germany. We utilize the comprehensive know-how and the innovative power of the Freudenberg Chemical Specialities (FCS) division for the further development of new products and markets to ensure the continued dynamic growth of our company in the future.

OKS – Partner to Trade

Our speciality lubricants and chemotechnical maintenance products are sold exclusively via the technical and mineral oil trades. The consistent strategy of "sales only via trade", the smooth processing of orders and our comprehensive technical service make us one of the preferred partners for demanding customers worldwide. Use our specialist's know-how. Put us to the test.



SUPPLIER OF THE YEAR 2013





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We focus on the development of customer-specific lubricant solutions in close cooperation with our trade partners.

Experts from a wide range of different disciplines work in our laboratories with state-of-the-art systems and test equipment to modify existing or develop new products for special application cases.

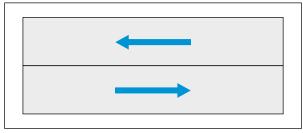


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BASIC KNOWLEDGE OF TRIBOLOGY

Reduction of friction and wear through optimal lubrication

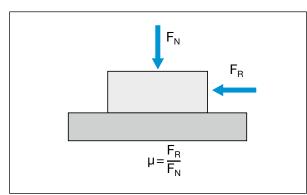
Several billion Euros of economic losses are caused every year through friction and wear. In order to reduce these cost extensive tribological basic research is carried out. On this basis, companies then occupy themselves with specific knowledge, such as OKS Spezialschmierstoffe GmbH with the development of high-performance lubricants.



What is friction?

Friction is the mechanical resistance to the relative movement of two surfaces. Friction is usually undesirable in technical systems, because it is associated with energy loss, friction heat and wear.

Friction

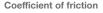


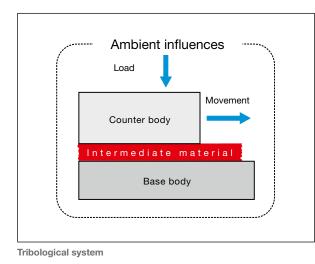
Determining the coefficient of friction

The following equation is used to determine the friction (to Coulomb).

 $\frac{F_{R} \text{ (frictional force)}}{F_{N} \text{ (normal force)}} = \mu \text{ (coefficient of friction)}$

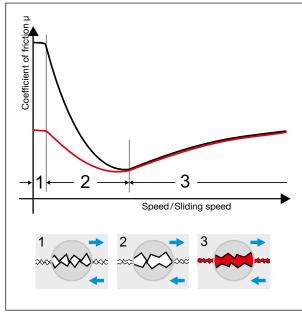
Friction can be divided into sliding friction, pivoting friction, rolling friction and rolling resistance friction.





The tribological system

For an optimal problem solution all the influencing variables in a tribological system have to be known. Allowances have to be made for the complex interactions of these factors. Ambient influences (dust, temperature or moisture) and structural factors (material, surface or geometry of the friction bodies) play just as great a role as stress factors (speed, pressure stress or vibrations) as far as selecting the correct intermediate material (= lubricant) is concerned.

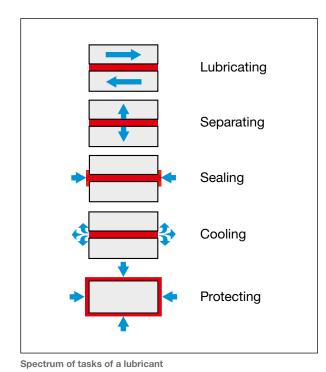


Stribeck curve

The course of the coefficient of friction of a friction bearing with oil or grease lubrication in the various friction and lubrication states can be described using the Stribeck curve as an example.

During the start-up phase the static friction is followed by the solid state friction (high coefficient of friction/high wear). As speed increases a partial separation of the sliding surfaces takes place in the mixed friction phase by the lubricating film (medium coefficient of friction/medium wear). The emergency running film that is formed by solid lubricants protects at exactly this point (see red curve). At high speeds a hydrodynamic liquid film separates the sliding surfaces completely from each other (as at aquaplaning). In this phase of liquid friction the lowest wear and the lowest friction is achieved.

Stribeck curve



Multiple function of the lubricants

The functions of a lubricant can be varied and, depending on the particular application, can be necessary alone or in combination. Besides the primary demand placed on the lubricant – maximum power transfer combined with a minimum of friction and minimum wear – it is often necessary to fulfil various secondary properties such as water resistance, chemical resistance, compatibility with plastics or corrosion protection.

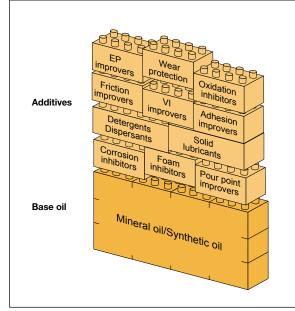


Oils with high-performance additives for reliable lubrication

Oils dissipate heat well from the lubricating point. In addition, they have an notedly good creep and wetting behaviour. Therefore oil lubrication is often used at high temperatures or high speeds of rotation. Typical fields of application are gears, chains, friction bearings, hydraulics and compressors.

Charact	teristics	of oils	
Unarac	101131103	01 0113	

Characteristic	Standard	Description	
Viscosity	DIN 51 562-1	Dimension for the inner friction of liquids	
ISO VG	DIN 51519	Classification of oils into viscosity classes based on DIN 51561	
Operating temperature		Temperature range of the optimal performance	
Flashing point	DIN ISO 2592	Lowest temperature at which the vapour-air mixture catches fire through extraneous ignition	
Setting point	DIN ISO 3016	The lowest temperature at which the oil is still just capable of flowing	



Structure of high-performance oils

Structure of high-performance oils

The additives play an important role in the formulation of a high-performance oil in addition to the careful selection of the base oil (type, viscosity) and has considerable influence on the price-performance ratio. Modern lubricating oils are conceived so that when the oil film is breached, the active ingredients form a protective film, so that the surfaces are protected against wear.

Properties of base oils

The base oil plays a decisive role in the selection of a lubricating oil. Mineral oils, synthetic hydrocarbons (polyalphaolefines = PAO), ester, polyglycols and silicone oils differ notably in their physical properties and chemical behaviour.

Properties	Mineral oils	Synthetic hydro- carbons (PAO)	ester oils	Polyglycol oils	Silicone oils
Density 20 °C [g/ml] approx.:	0.9	0.85	0.9	0.9 – 1.1	0.9 – 1.05
Setting point [°C] approx .:	-40 → -10	- 50 → - 30	-70 → -35	-55 → -20	- 80 → - 30
Flashing point [°C] approx .:	< 250	< 200	200 → 270	150 → 300	150 → 350
Resistance to oxidation	-	+	+	+	++
Thermal stability	-	+	+	+	++
Compatible with plastics	+	+	-	type-dependent	+

Compatibility of oils

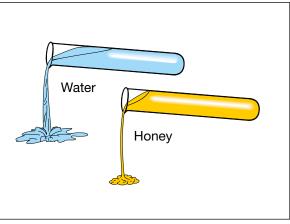
The miscibility of different lubricating oils is influenced considerably by the base oils and has to be observed correspondingly when changing the lubricating oil, under consideration of the viscosity.

	Mineral oil	Polyalpha- olefines	ester oils	Polyglycol oil	Silicone oil (methyl)	Silicone oil (phenyl)	Polyphenyl- ether oil	Perfluorpo- lyether oil
Mineral oil	-							
polyalphaolefines								
ester oils								
Polyglycol oil								
Silicone oil (methyl)								
Silicone oil (phenyl)								
Polyphenylether oil								
perfluorpolyether oil								

■ miscible □ partially miscible



Oils with high-performance additives for reliable lubrication

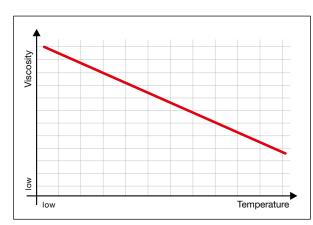


Viscosity – the dimension for the inner friction of liquids

The choice of the viscosity of an oil depends on the area in which the lubricant is used. The following basically applies: Low viscosity for low pressure stress and high sliding speeds, high viscosity for high pressure stress, low sliding speeds and high temperatures. The viscosity can be determined with different measuring processes (see Test and measuring processes).

The kinematic viscosity in specified in mm²/s and is used for classification. The dynamic viscosity is specified in mPa s. The two viscosities can be converted into each other under consideration of the density with the equation: Dynamic viscosity = Density x kinematic viscosity.

Viscosity



Dependency of the viscosity from the temperature The viscosity of an oil depends on the temperature, the

pressure and shear stress as well as the time in which it happens. The most important influencing factor is the temperature. As the temperature increases, the viscosity decreases and vice versa, depending on the type of oil.

Temperature dependence of the viscosity

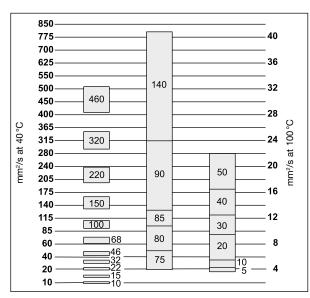
The classification of lubricating oils into viscosity classes is effected to ISO (DIN 51519) or SAE (Society of Automotive Engineers).

Kinematic ISO-VG	Viscosity (40 °C) [mm²/s]
15	13.5 – 16.5
22	19.8 – 24.2
32	28.8 - 35.2
46	41.4 – 50.6
68	61.2 – 74.8
100	90 – 110
150	135 – 165
220	198 – 242
320	288 – 352
460	414 – 506
680	612 – 748
1,000	900 – 1,000
1,500	1,350 – 1,650

ISO viscosity classes to DIN 51519

ISO-VG (Viscosity Grade) classes apply only for industrial lubricating oils. There are 18 kinematic VG classes from 2 mm²/s to 1,500 mm²/s. Determining of the viscosity is carried out at 40 °C.

Viscosity classes to DIN 51519



Viscosity classes to SAE

Lubricating oils for vehicle gears and motors are classified into SAE viscosity classes. These range from 0 - 60 at motor oils and from 70 - 250 at gear oils. The viscosity values are measured at 100 °C.

Comparison of the viscosity classes to ISO-VG and SAE

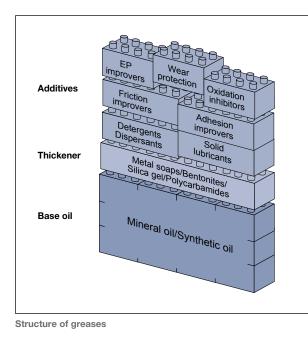


Greases for long-term lubrication under critical operation conditions

If, for structural reasons, no oil lubrication is possible or if a cooling function is not required, a lubricating grease is used in most cases. Greases consist of a base oil that is bound by a thickener (soap). This ensures that the lubricant remains at the lubricating point. There it ensures permanently effective protection against friction and wear and seals the lubricating point against external influences such as moisture and foreign matter. Greases are often used at rolling and friction bearings, spindles, fittings, seals, guides, but also at chains and gears.

Characteristics of greases

Characteristic	Standard	Description	
Base oil viscosity	DIN 51562-1	Influences the speed range and load capacity of a grease	
Drop point	DIN ISO 2176	Exceeding of this temperature results in destruction of the grease structure	
Operating temperature	DIN 51805 – Min DIN 51821/2 – Max	Temperature range of the optimal performance at roller bearing greases	
Speed parameter (DN value)		Maximum rotating speed up to which a grease can be used in a roller bearing	
Consistency	DIN ISO 2137	Dimension for the stability of a grease (worked/unworked penetration)	
NLGI grade	DIN 51818	Classification to the consistency classes to DIN ISO 2137	
Four-ball test	DIN 51350	Determining of the wear protection and of the maximum load capacity of a roller bearing grease	



Structure of greases

The main difference in the structure of greases compared to oil is the thickener which determines the typical performance features of a grease.

Modern lubricating greases are formulated so that their active ingredients form an emergency running lubricating film in case of critical stresses and ensure operational reliability.

Thickener	Operating ter	nperature [°C]	Drop point	Water resistance	Load
(soap)	Mineral oil	Synthetic oil	[°C]	resistance	capacity
Calcium	-30 → 50	n.a.	< 100	++	+
Lithium	-35 → 120	-60 → 160	170 / 200	+	-
Al-complex	-30 → 140	-60 → 160	> 230	+	-
Ba-complex	-25 → 140	-60 → 160	> 220	++	++
Ca-complex	-30 → 140	-60 → 160	> 190	++	++
Li-complex	- 40 → 140	-60 → 160	> 220	+	-
bentonitee	- 40 → 140	- 60 → 180	without	+	-
Polycarbamide	-30 → 160	-40 → 160	250	+	-

Influence of the thickener on the performance features of a grease

Compatibility of greases

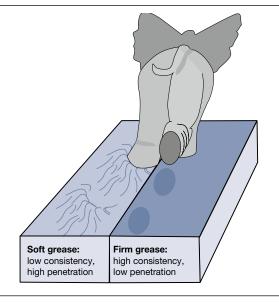
In addition to the compatibility of the base oils, the miscibility of the thickeners has to be taken into account when changing greases. An incompatibility has a negative influence on the performance of the lubricating grease.

	Ca-soap	Ca _x -soap	Li-soap	Li _x -soap	Li/Ca- soap	Na-soap	bentonitee	Ba _x -soap	Al _x -soap	Poly- carb- amide
Ca-soap	-									•
Ca _x -soap										
Li-soap										
Li _x -soap										
Li/Ca-soap										
Na-soap										
bentonitee										
Ba _x -soap										
Al _x -soap										•
Polycarbamide										

miscible



Greases for long-term lubrication under critical operation conditions



Consistency of a lubricating grease

At lubricating greases the consistency is the characteristic for assessing the strength of a grease. According to DIN ISO 2137 it is measured through the penetration depth of a standardised cone.

Consistency of a lubricating grease

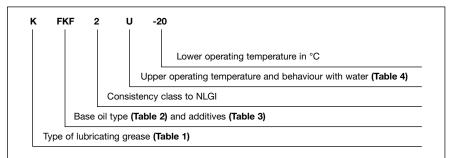
Classification of greases to NLGI

The classification according to NLGI (DIN 51818) ranges from very soft (Class 000) to very firm (Class 6). Standard lubricating greases usually comply with NLGI Class 2.

NLGI- class	Worked penetration [mm/10]	Gear lubrication	Friction bearings	Roller bearings	Water pumps	Block greases
000	445 – 475					
00	400 - 430					
0	355 – 385					
1	310 – 340					
2	265 – 295					
3	220 – 250					
4	175 – 205					
5	130 – 160					
6	85 – 115 Unworked penetration					

Designation and classification of lubricating greases to DIN 51502

In view of the multiple possibilities of application and different compositions, lubricating greases are classified and described according to DIN 51 502 by various aspects such as type of lubricating grease, usability, consistency classes (NLGI) and operating temperatures.



Example of a classification to DIN 51502

Type of lubricating grease	Identifier
Lubricating greases for roller bearings, friction bearings and sliding surfaces (to DIN 51 825)	к
Lubricating greases for closed gears (to DIN 51 826)	G
Lubricating greases for open gears, toothings (adhesive lubricants without bitumen)	OG
Lubricating greases for friction bearings and seals (lower requirements than at lubricating grease K)	М

Table 1

Identifier
E
FK
HC
PG
PH
Si
х

Identifier	Upper operating temperature [°C]	Behaviour with water to DIN 51807 Part 1*
С	+60	0-40 or 1-40
D	+00	2-40 or 3-40
E	+80	0-40 or 1-40
F	+00	2-40 or 3-40
G	+100	0-90 or 1-90
Н	+100	2-90 or 3-90
К	+120	0-90 or 1-90
М	+120	2 – 90 or 3 – 90
Ν	+140	
Р	+160	
R	+180	to be oproad
S	+200	to be agreed
Т	+220	
U	above +220	
Table 4		*0 - po obongo

Table 2

Additive	Identifier
EP additive	Р
Solid lubricants (e.g. MoS ₂)	F

*0 = no change

1 = minor change

2 = moderate change

3 = strong change

Table 3

TYPES OF LUBRICANTS

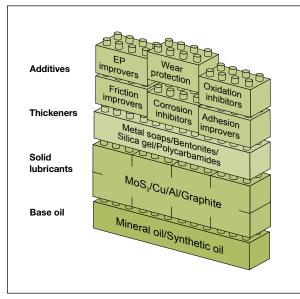


Pastes for easy assembly and dismantling

The structure of pastes basically corresponds to that of greases. However, the share of solid lubricants is notably higher. This ensures reliable lubricating, separating and corrosion protection effects also when used under extreme temperature and pressure conditions and aggressive media. Pastes are used at screwed connections as well as when pressing in pins and bolts and furthermore at gearwheels.

Characteristics of pastes

Characteristic	Standard	Description
Press-fit test		Provides information about the lubricating effect of pastes at very high pressure and low sliding speed (relevant for assembly pastes)
Thread friction coefficient	DIN EN ISO 16047	The friction coefficient μ when screws and nuts are tightened is determined on a screw test bench (relevant for screw pastes)
Breakaway torque	DIN 267-27	Ratio of the required breakaway torque when loosening the screwed connection to the tightening torque
Operating temperature		Lubrication: Oil and solid lubricants are effective Separation: After the oil has evaporated, separating effect through solid lubricants



Structure of pastes

The structure of high-performance pastes is similar to that of greases. The main difference is the high portion of solid component that is typical of both assembly pastes (lubrication effect only) as well as for screw pastes (lubrication and separation effect).

Structure of pastes

Fields of applications of pastes

15

The field of application of pastes is determined to a great extent by the solid lubricant contained.

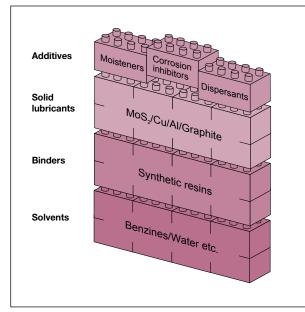
Solid lubricant	Maximum operating temperature [°C]	Field of application
PTFE	< 300	Mounting, medium influence
MoS ₂	< 450	Mounting, press-on processes
aluminium	< 1100	High-temperature screwed connections
Copper	< 1100	High-temperature screwed connections, "Anti-Seize" paste, el. conductivity
"Oxide" ceramics	< 1400	Extreme-temperature screwed connections, stainless steel screwed connections





Dry lubricants – the alternative for special application cases

Dry lubricants can be classified into powdery solid lubricants, ceraceous sliding films and solidcontent bonded coatings.



Structure of bonded coatings

Coating with a bonded coating is carried out after thorough preparation of the surface through immersion, spraying or painting. The dry bonded coating layer is between 10 and 20 μ m thick. It withstands high pressure loads and extreme temperatures, does not take up soiling and is characterised by very high chemical stability and an excellent long-lasting lubrication.

Bonded coatings are used in many technical fields, e.g. for nuts, screws, bolts, washers, springs, sealing rings, gearwheels, slideways and threaded spindles.

Structure of bonded coatings

Bonded coatings are solid lubricants (usually MoS₂, graphite or PTFE) that are embedded in a binder. A solvent that evaporates during the curing or drying time is added for the distribution of the bonded coating.

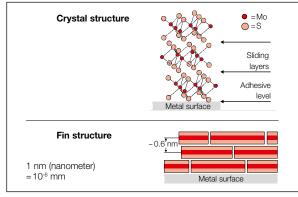
In comparison to classical lubricants bonded coatings are characterised by

- Dry lubrication without oil and grease
- □ Clean lubrication without dirt adhesion
- □ Very low friction values can be achieved
- □ High temperature resistance
- No evaporation losses
- Use in vacuum possible
- Chemical-physical stability
- Effectiveness also at low sliding speeds
- □ Long-term and lifetime lubrication
- □ High cost efficiency

Classification of solid lubricants

Solid lubricants are used as fine powder and can be divided by their structure, as well as into chemically and physically active substances. The most common ones are listed here.

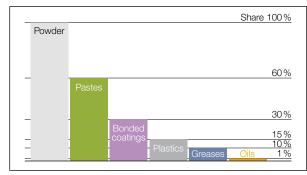
	MoS₂	Graphite	Zinc- pyro- phosphate	Calcium hydroxide	Aluminium	Zinc sulphide	Zinc oxide	PTFE	PE
Structure-effective with layer lattice structure	-								
Chemically effective with layer lattice structure									
Chemically effective without layer lattice structure									
Physically effective with layer lattice structure									
Physically effective without layer lattice structure									



Molybdenum disulphide MoS₂

The best lubrication properties at metal pairs are achieved with MoS_2 (molybdenum disulphide). The layer lattice structure and the chemically effective properties on the metal surface produce low friction, high pressure absorption capacity and an excellent wear protection. Even thin films produce an extremely stable layer in which the MoS_2 fins slide to each other like a pack of cards.

Lubrication by MoS₂

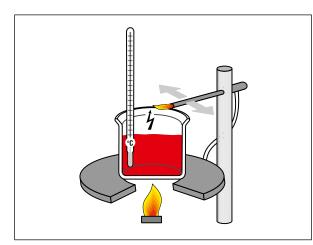


Maximum share of solid lubricants in lubricant systems

Share of solid lubricants

OKS lubricants – highest performance for maximum process reliability

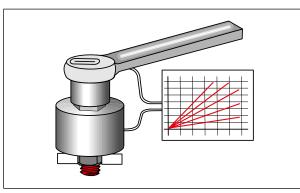
Numerous test methods are used to examine and evaluate the various influencing variables of a tribological system for the development and quality assurance of lubricants. The collected characteristics describe the chemical/physical properties of a lubricant which allow statements about its possible suitability for a specific application.



Flashing point

The flashing point is a measurand at combustible liquids which allows the danger of fire to be assessed. Depending on the product type and height of the flashing point to be expected the most common measuring methods are closed crucibles (to DIN 51755) or open crucibles (to DIN ISO 2592).

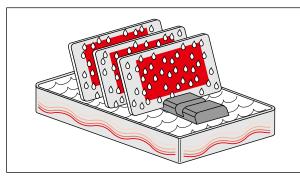
Determining the flashing point



Thread friction

The thread friction is determined on a screw test bench. According to DIN EN ISO 16047 the coefficient of friction μ of a screwed connection is obtained when screws and nuts are tightened. Thread dimension, materials and type of the surface have to be specified.

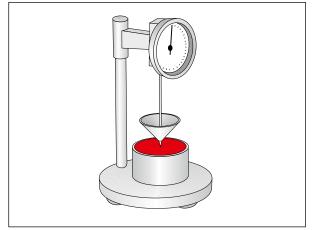
Measuring the thread friction



Condensed water test

The condensed water test is one of several examinations carried out to assess a protective layer as corrosive influences (DIN 50017 – KTW condense water temperature alternating climate) and defines the test procedure in a climatic chamber at alternating climate. The result is the number of hours until traces of rust arise.

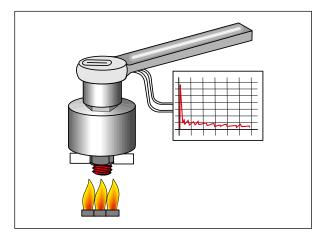
Condensed water test



Consistency

The consistency of a lubricating grease is measured with a penetrometer to DIN ISO 2137 whereby the grease is worked before measuring in order to imitate the stress in a bearing. The penetration depth of a cone allows the allocation to a consistency class to NLGI (DIN 51818).

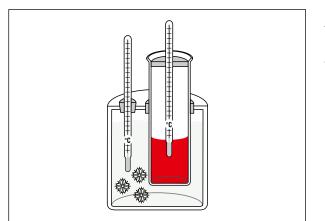
Measuring the consistency



Breakaway behaviour

Breakaway behaviour, the ratio of the loosening torque to tightening torque, is determined for high-temperature screw pastes after screws M10 (or M12), material A2-70, have been tightened with 40 Nm (or 70 Nm) and have been subjected to a temperature between +200 °C and +650 °C for 100 hours.

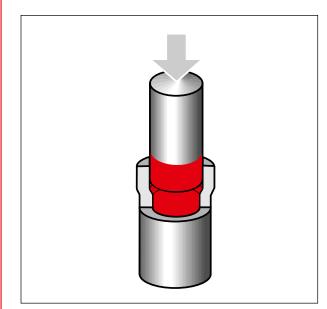
Determining the breakaway behaviour



Pour point

The pour point of an oil is measured to DIN ISO 3016. It lies some °C under the recommended lowest operating temperature.

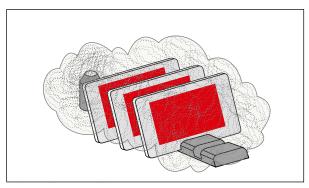
OKS lubricants – highest performance for maximum process reliability



Press-fit-test

The Press-fit test provides information on the behaviour and the adhesion of solid lubricants under very high pressure and low sliding speeds. The coefficient of friction μ is measured and noted whether stick-slipping occurs. Both results are important for the applications during mounting work (e.g. press manufacture) or at slideways and guides (e.g. machine tools).

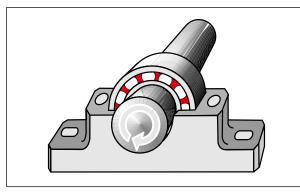
Press-fit-test



Salt spray test

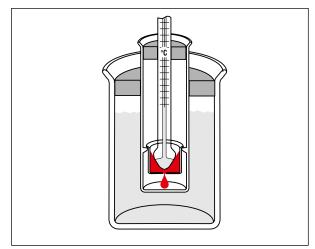
The salt spray test simulates a salty climate to DIN EN ISO 9227 NSS (ex DIN 50021 SS), whereby coated plates are subjected to a defined salt spray. A check is carried out after how many hours traces of rust arise.

Salt spray test



SKF-EMCOR process

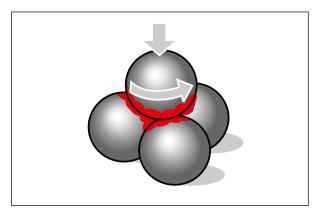
This process is used to assess corrosion-preventive properties of roller bearing lubricants. In the process water is added to the grease and examined for corrosion selfaligning ball bearings with defined running duration, speed and specified standstill periods to DIN 51 802. If there is no corrosion at the visible inspection of the test rings, the degree of corrosion is 0. At very strong corrosion the maximum note is 5.



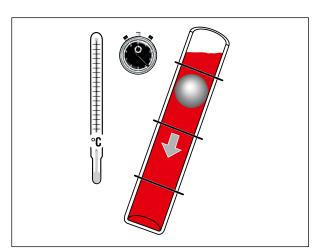
Drop point

The drop point (in °C) is the temperature of a lubricating grease at which liquefaction occurs, measured to DIN ISO 2176. The drop point lies notably over the recommended upper limit of the operating temperature. However, certain grease thickeners do not liquefy, meaning that they are without a drop point.

Measuring the drop point



Four-ball test rig



Four-ball test rig

The four-ball test rig is a testing device for lubricants used at high surface pressures in the mixed friction range. According to DIN 51350, the four-ball test rig consists of a rotating moving ball which slides on three fixed balls. During the test for the maximum load-bearing capacity of the lubricant, a test force acts on the moving ball, which is increased in steps until the four-ball system is welded together as a result of the friction heat produced. In another four-ball test method the wear value of a lubricant is determined under defined test conditions (test force, speed, time).

Viscosity

The viscosity of an oil is determined with different measuring instruments depending on the type of product. A falling-ball viscometer is used to fulfil the specifications to DIN 51562-1 or similar methods. The specification of the kinematic viscosity V (ny) [mm²/s] is effected at +40 °C. The value, for example at +100 °C, is often also of interest, so that the drop in the viscosity at higher temperatures can also be assessed.

OKS lubricants – highest performance for maximum process reliability

DN factor

The DN factor or rotating speed factor is a guide value up to which rotating speeds lubricants can be used in roller bearings.

Evaporation loss

The evaporation loss is of interest particularly at hightemperature lubricants. According to DIN 58397 it is examined at high temperatures for a specified period. The loss of evaporated oil as a % by weight should be as low as possible.

FZG torque change test device

With the FZG torque change test device oils and greases are examined in particular with regard to their suitability as lubricants in closed gears. The wear is determined after every load level and the so-called "damage load level" specified as the result. The test method is described in DIN 51 354.

Layer thickness (corrosion protection)

The layer thickness has a decisive influence on the duration of the corrosion protection. To this purpose various measuring methods are used which specify the layer thickness in μ m, depending on the type of protective layer.

Lubrimeter test

The Lubrimeter test is a test device with which the coefficient of friction, wear and operating temperature of lubricants is measured for a specific period at changing loads and sliding speeds with different materials.

Oil separation

The oil separation is measured to DIN 51817 as a % by weight. In the process pressure and temperature is applied to the lubricating grease to be tested.

Resistance to oxidation

The resistance to oxidation is a measure for the resistance against reactions with pure oxygen. According to DIN 51808 the grease is subjected to increased pressure together with the oxygen for a specific period (e.g. 100 hours) and temperature (e.g. +99 °C or +160 °C). The test result is the drop in pressure of the oxygen in Pa (Pascal) as a measure for the degree of oxidation.



FURTHER TECHNICAL TERMS

Ageing

Chemical changes to material through the influence of heat, light and oxygen across the operating time

Corrosion

Reaction of a metal with its environment which results in a change and impairment of the function of a component

DVGW

Deutscher Verein des Gas- und Wasserfaches (German Technical and Scientific Association for Gas and Water)

Emergency lubrication

Is achieved through solid lubricants when insufficient lubrication occurs at grease or oil lubricants

EP additives

Lubricants with Extreme Pressure additives in order increase the pressure resistance and the wear protection properties

Frictional corrosion

Corrosion that occurs at fits that are subjected to vibrations with micro frictional movements. Immediate rust formation at abrasive particles of steel

ISO

International Standardization Organisation

KTW

Approval for plastics in the drinking water sector

LGA

Landesgewerbeanstalt Nürnberg with its institute for food chemistry

Silicone oils

Are produced through synthetic processes. They have particularly good viscosity temperature characteristics, are resistant at low and high temperatures and against ageing. Excellent separating properties. Outstanding lubricant for plastics and elastomers. Designations such as polydimethylsiloxane or polyphenylmethylsiloxane specify the special structure of the molecule groups

Solvent

Liquids that dissolve other materials without chemical changes

Stick-slipping

Occurs at slow movements and insufficient separating effect of the lubricant, since the initial friction is higher than the movement friction

Synthetic oils

Produced through chemical processes in contrast to oils from Nature – mineral oils, vegetable oils and animal oils. Allowing certain advantages to be achieved, such as low tendency to coking, low pour point, good resistance to chemicals and often excellent viscosity temperature characteristics. Synthetic hydrocarbons, ester, polyglycols, fluorinated oils and silicone oils are used e.g. for lubricants

VCI

Volatile Corrosion Inhibitor is an environmentally friendly corrosion protection additive

Wear

Arises when the lubricating film is breached, so that the sliding partners come into contact and rub against each other

White oil

Paraffinic mineral oil, highly refined, to remove instable components. White oils are used, for example, in lubricants for medical applications

INCREASE IN PERFORMANCE THROUGH ADDITIVES

Intelligent additive technology with Mo_x-Active: Reducing cost and environmental impact

The task of the additives is to optimise lubricants for the respective application with regard to corrosion and wear protection, emergency running properties, oxidation stability, temperature characteristics and wetting behaviour. The careful selection and the intelligent combination of the additives guarantee the high performance of OKS speciality lubricants.

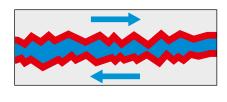
Mo_x-Active additive

OKS speciality lubricants with the Mo_x-Active additive technology developed by OKS contain molybdenum complex compounds for increased performance.



Effect on the surface

Lubricants with Mo_x -Active are responsible for the smoothing of the metal surfaces at the lubricating points. Intelligent additives support and accelerate the flow smoothing process on the otherwise rough surfaces and effect a tribological surface coating. The run-in times can be shortened considerably.



Phase 1

Mo_x-Active is deposited under pressure at the stressed metal surface of the lubricating point.

Phase 2

As the stress increases, a pressure-stable and effective lubricating protective layer is formed and increases the pressure absorption capacity. Friction and wear are reduced considerably.

Phase 3

 Mo_x -Active supports and accelerates the flow smoothing process of the metal surface. Best results are achieved here in combination with MoS_2 . This structural change produces a tribological surface coating with extremely low coefficient of friction and high wear protection.

Cost reduction and reduction of environmental impact

OKS speciality lubricants with Mo_x-Active reduce the operating costs, increase the quality in production and reduce the environmental impact through lower lubricant consumption and lower energy requirements.

SPECIALITY LUBRICANTS FOR FOOD PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY

NSF certified lubricants for safe food processing and production

OKS speciality lubricants for food processing technology can be used in all areas in which human beings could come into contact with lubricants. Application of these lubricants is not limited to the food processing industry. Typical users are amongst others manufacturers of food packaging, machine and system builders for the food processing industry, producers of domestic appliances as well as the toy and pharmaceutical industries.

With OKS speciality lubricants on the safe side

There is currently no binding European or international legislation for lubricants approved for use in the food processing industry. As a result, in food processing technology and related areas, it is primarily the US regulations, which are the world's strictest, that are utilised.

Positive list of the FDA

This list of the FDA (Food and Drug Administration) that is recognised around the world contains all ingredients permissible in lubricants approved for use in food processing. All lubricants tested by the NSF (National Sanitation Foundation) are published in the white book of the NSF based on this list. You can find the list of these lubricants at www.nsf.org in the chapter entitled "Nonfood Compounds Listings Directory", arranged by company name.

NSF classification

The classification NSF H1 stands for lubricants which may be used when contact with food cannot be excluded in the event of failure.



The lubricants that may be used when contact with food is technically excluded are summarised under NSF H2.

EC Directive 93/43/EEC (issued 14/6/93)

This directive requires food processing plants to use the HACCP (Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point) method. This preventative system ensures that every contamination-relevant step in the manufacturing process of a food processing and production can be identified and monitored. Even if this directive contains no regulations with regard to the ingredients of lubricants approved for use in food processing, the HACCP method describes the use of lubricants in food processing technology.



By using OKS speciality lubricants for food processing technology, you ensure compliance with national and international regulations – because of your responsibility to people.

LUBRICANT SOLUTIONS FOR CRITICAL APPLICATION CONDITIONS

OKS experts stand for innovative ideas and product concepts

Movement without friction is a dream of mankind. But friction still remains a fact of life. To ensure "frictionless" running of your machines, OKS can provide a lubricant solution for almost any application. Whether the lubrication of roller bearings, chains or slideways, under extreme conditions of use or under the influence of aggressive media – with lubricants from OKS you solve your tribological problems safely and reliably.

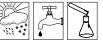
Extreme conditions of use

Ever more productive machines, combined with extended operating lives push materials and machine elements to their stress limits. OKS offers lubricants that unfold their full performance even under these conditions. Various OKS speciality lubricants resist extreme temperatures, high temperature fluctuations or high pressures.



Lubrication under the influence of aggressive media

Whether in permanent use with contact to acids or lyes at columns, boilers or pipings in process engineering industries, at corrosive influences, at outdoor weathering or under the influence of salt water, your plants remain completely operational also under these conditions thanks to OKS speciality lubricants.



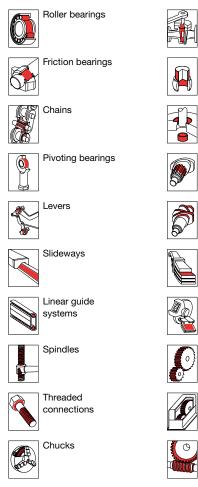
Plastic lubrication

New design developments mean that friction pairs are increasingly being used that place particular requirements of the compatibility of the lubricants. Special alloys or ceramic elements are used. Material combinations of plastic/metal and plastic/plastic are increasingly also being used. OKS provides lubricants that are compatible with many materials.

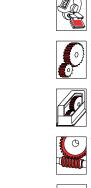




Fields of Application











Valves























Separating -mould release

Measuring

Precision

Hinges

Wire cables

Hydraulics

mechanics

WO

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) devices



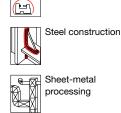




Electrical contacts







Sheet-metal processing

Dust removal

Leak detection

Belt drives

Offshore

Storage/Shipping

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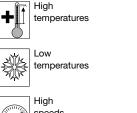














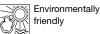


Heavy loading



	Effects of water
A	Effect of chemicals
	Corrosion protection
pro plastic	Compatible with plastics





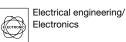




(NSF) NSF certified



Sprayable with Airspray-System





Foam forming



SELECTION TABLE PASTES

	OKS No.			ſ					A	pro plastic	NSE		pro Alimapray
	Pastes												
64	200			•									
Also Also	217	•		•									
	220/221			•									
	230	•		•									
	235/2351	•											
	240/241	•											
	245	•			•		•						
	250/2501	•		•	•						•		
	252	•		•	•						•		
	260												
	265			•			•	•					
	270			•			•						
	273		•		•					•			
	277/2771			•	•	•	•			•			
	280	•											
	1103	•	•					•				•	
	1105					•			•	•		•	

Zur besseren Übersicht sind nur Hauptanwendungen aufgeführt.

28



							8		$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				OKS No.
													Pastes
•	•	•	•	•				•	•				200
					•		•						217
•	•	•	•	•				•	•				220/221
		•	•	•			•						230
					•		•						235/2351
					•		•						240/241
					•								245
•		•			•			•					250/2501
	•	•			•								252
	•	•	•	•	•			•					260
		•		•		•							265
•	•	•	•	•								•	270
•	•			•						•			273
•	•		•	•			•						277/2771
			•										280
													1103
													1105

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SELECTION TABLE OILS

	OKS No.				R	000	K	F	33	pro plastic	(NSF.)	R	ELECTRONIC	AIRSPRAY
			TAR				·:::***	•	33	<u>محکمه</u>		<u>P</u>		
	Oils													
	30				•									
	300				•									
	310	•			•									
No. In Concession	335	•			•									
	340/341	•		•		•	•							
1 agad	350	•			•	•	•	•						
and the second second	352/3521	•			•									
	353	•			•			•						
2. 38 F 16 18 18 29	354/3541	•			•		•	•						
	360/361	-			-	•	•	•	•					
	370/371					•	-	•			•			•
	387	•			•	•		•			•			
	390/391										•			
	600/601					•	•	•	•					•
	630/631				•		•							
	640/641		•		•	•	·							•
	650													
	670/671				•		•							
	700/701		•		•	•	•	•						
	1000	•	•			•		•		•				•
	3520	•	•		•			•						
	3570/3571	•			•		•	•			•			
	3710		•				•		•		•			
	3720		-					•	•		•			
	3725							•	•		•			
	3730							•	•		•			
	3740							•	•		•			
	3750/3751					•		•	•		•			
	3760					•		•	•		•			
	3770							•	•		•			
	3775							•	•		•			
	3780							•	•		•			
	3790							•	•		•			
	8600/8601	•									•	•		•
		-										•		-



								8						OKS No.
														Oils
	•	•				٠				٠				30
	•				•	•				•				300
	•	•	•	•	•	•								310
	•		•		•	•	•							335
		•		•								٠	•	340/341
	•	•		•	•									350
	•	•	•	•	•	•						•	•	352/3521
	•	•	•	•	•	•						•	•	353
	•	•	•	•	•	•						•	•	354/3541
														360/361
	•	•		•				•			•	•	•	370/371
	•	•	•	•	•	•								387
														390/391
	•	•	•	•								•	•	600/601
		•		•	•							•	•	630/631
			•	•	•						•	•	•	640/641
		•		•									•	650
	•	•	•	•	•	•						•	•	670/671
		•		•	•						•	•	•	700/701
				•	•			•					•	1000
	•	•			•							•		3520
	•	•			•									3570/3571
	•	•		•	•									3710
•	•	•								•				3720
•	•	•								•				3725
•	•	•								•				3730
•	•	•								•				3740
	•	•	•	•	•							•	•	3750/3751
•	•		•	•	•									3760
•	•													3770
•	•													3775
•	•													3780
		•		•	•	•								3790
		•		•									•	8600/8601

31

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SELECTION TABLE GREASES

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-	
-	
100	

	OKS No.						××**			pro plastic	NSE			pro Airspray
_	<b>E</b> #000505													_
	Greases 400								-					
									•					
	402													
	403					•	•	•	•					
	404	•							•					
	410				•									
	416		•	•										
	418	•												
	420	•			•			•						
	422	•		•			•	•	•					
	424	•			•	•								
	425	•		•			•	•	•					
	427	•		-	•	•		•	-					
	428				•			-						
	432	•			•			•						
	433							•	•					
					•		•	•	•					
	450/451	•				•	•	•						
	464	•	•						•	•			•	
	468								•	•	•			
	469								•	•	•			
	470/471								•		•			
	472		•	•		•				•	•			
	473					•		•			•	•		
	474					•		●				•		
	475		•	•		•				•	•			
	476							•			•			
	479	•						•			•			
	480				•			•			•			
	490	•		•	•	•	•							
	491	-		-	-	•	-	•						
	495					-	•	-						
	735				•									

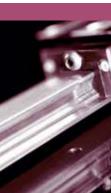
32



								8					OKS No.
													Greases
•	•		•	•	•	•							400
•	•		•	•		•							402
•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•		•		403
•	•		•	•	•	•							404
•	•		•	•	•	•							410
•	•		•	•	•	•							416
•	•		٠			٠							418
•	•		•		•	•				•			420
•	•		•	•	•	•			•				422
•	•		•		•	•				•			424
•	•		•	•	•	•			•				425
•	•				•				•	•			427
•	•		٠							•			428
•	•		•										432
•	•		•	•					•				433
		•	•	•	•			•			•	•	450/451
•	•												464
	•				•			•					468
	•				•			•					469
•	•		•	•	•	•							470/471
•	•		•	•		•							472
•	•	•	•							•			473
•	•	•	•							•			474
•	•		•	•		•							475
•	•		٠	•	•	٠							476
•	•		•			•							479
•	•		٠			•							480
					•				•				490
									•		•		491
		•			•				•	•	•		495

SELECTION TABLE GREASES

	OKS No.				000	*****				pro plastic	NSE	ELECTRONIC	PROAMBRAY
	Greases												
	1110/1111	•					•		•		•		
	1112						•		•	•			
	1133		•				•			•			
	1140	•					•						
	1144	•					٠			•			
	1149	•							•				
11111	1155	•	•				•			•			
100	4100			•									
	4200	•					•						
	4210	•		•				•	•	•			
	4220	•		•				•		•	•		
	4240	•		•				•	•				



	Dry Lubric	ants										
	100	•	•	•								
	110/111	•	•	•								
1	500			•				٠				
8	510/511	•	•	•				•				
	521	•	•	•				•				
	530	•		•								
	536	•			•					•		
-	570/571	•	•				•					
	575	•	•				•					
	589	•	•	•				•				
ſ	1300/1301				•	•			•			
	1710										•	
ſ	1750										•	
	1765										•	



Ø									8					OKS No.
														Greases
									•					1110/1111
									•					1112
٠	•		•	•								•		1133
•	•													1140
٠	•		•	•										1144
•	•		•			•								1149
			•	•	•	•			•	•				1155
٠	•		•		•	●								4100
•	•		•											4200
•	•		•	•										4210
٠	•		•	•										4220
			•	•										4240
•			•	•			<u> </u>	1	II	I				
•	•												Dry Li	ubricants
•				•									Dry Li	ubricants 100
•			•		•	•			•	•			Dry Li	
•				•	•	•			•	•			)ry Li	100
•	•		•	•					•				Dry Li	100 110/111
•			•	•	•	•			•				Dry Ll	100 110/111 500
•	•		•	•	•	•			•				Dry Lu	100 110/111 500 510/511
•	•	•	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	•			•	•	•		Dry Li	100 110/111 500 510/511 521
•	•	-	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •	•			•	•	•		Dry Lu	100 110/111 500 510/511 521 530
	•	-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • •	• • • • • •	• • •				•	•		Dry Lu	100 110/111 500 510/511 521 530 536
	•	-	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				•	•		<i>Dry L</i> (	100 110/111 500 510/511 521 530 536 570/571
	•	-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				•	•			100 110/111 500 510/511 521 530 536 570/571 575
	•	-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				•			•	100 110/111 500 510/511 521 530 536 536 570/571 575 589
	•	-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•			•			•	100 110/111 500 510/511 521 530 536 536 570/571 575 589 1300/1301

### SELECTION TABLE CORROSION PROTECTION, MAINTENANCE PRODUCTS AND CLEANERS

OKS No.				ſ		***			pro plastic	NSE		ELECTRONIC	ProAutoPRAY
Corrosion	Prot	ectio	n										
2100/2101					•	•	٠			•			
2200					•						•		
2300/2301					•	•	•						
2511	•				•								
 2521	•				•								
2531	•	•			•								
2541					•	•							

	61
	62
1	13
	15
- 6	16
13 2	27
	27
	28

Maintena	nce P	Produ	cts				 	 				
611												
621		•										
1360/1361	•	•						•	•			
1510/1511								•				•
1600/1601										•		•
2711		•									•	
2731											•	
2800/2801												•
2811		•										
2901												
		1		1	1	1						
<b>Cleaners</b>												
2610/2611												•
2610/2611 2621											•	•
2610/2611 2621 2631											•	•
2610/2611 2621 2631 2650									•		•	•
2610/2611 2621 2631									•		•	
2610/2611 2621 2631 2650									•		•	•
2610/2611 2621 2631 2650 2660/2661										•	•	•
2610/2611 2621 2631 2650 2660/2661 2670/2671										•	•	•



OKS No.						I								
rotection	ion P	rros	Co											
2100/2101					•									
2200					•									
2300/2301					•									
2511	•		•	•										
2521			•	•										
2531			•	•										
2541			•	•										
Products	ance	nten	Mai							•				
611		•											•	
621		•												
1360/1361											•	•		
1510/1511											•	•		
1600/1601											•			
2711														
2731								•						
2800/2801							•							
2811							•							
2901						•								
Cleaners			I									1	1	
2610/2611										•				
2621									•					
2631														
2650										•				
2660/2661										•				
										•				
2670/2671														

### PASTES FOR EASY ASSEMBLY AND DISMANTLING



Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
DKS 200 No _x - Attive	MoS ₂ Assembly Paste		<ul> <li>Assembly lubrication for press-on processes</li> <li>Run-in lubrication of highly loaded sliding</li> <li>surfaces</li> <li>Lubricant for difficult moulding processes</li> <li>Prevents wearing, stick-slip, seizing, run-in damage or pitting</li> <li>For universal use</li> </ul>
DKS 217	High-Temperature Paste, high purity		<ul> <li>Assembly lubrication of screw threaded connection made of high-strength steel, at high temperatures in aggressive environment</li> <li>Optimum ratio of screw tightening torque to achievable pre-tension</li> <li>No burning together and rusting on</li> <li>No reaction with metals</li> <li>For use in the chemical industry</li> </ul>
DK5 220 DK5 221* No _{x*} Active	MoS₂ Rapid Paste		<ul> <li>Assembly lubrication for press-on processes</li> <li>Run-in lubrication of highly loaded sliding surfaces</li> <li>Lubricant for difficult moulding processes</li> <li>Effective immediately through high MoS₂ share</li> <li>Rubbing in the paste not required</li> <li>High-quality assembly paste</li> </ul>
DKS 230	MoS ₂ High-Temperature Paste		<ul> <li>For high-temperature applications up to 450°C (dry lubrication from approx. 200 °C)</li> <li>Prevents wearing, stick-slip, seizing, run-in damage, pitting</li> <li>Carrier oil evaporates residue-free from 200 °C upwards</li> <li>Bearings of pouring ladles, converters, kiln cars, or similar</li> <li>Relubrication in operation with OKS 310</li> </ul>
DKS 235 DKS 2351*	Aluminium Paste, Anti-Seize Paste		<ul> <li>For assembling screw and bolt threaded connections that are subjected to high temperatures and corrosive influences</li> <li>Optimum ratio of screw tightening torque to achievable pre-tension</li> <li>Prevents burning together or rusting on</li> <li>Prevents seizing</li> <li>Use as lubricating and separating paste</li> </ul>
DKS 240 DKS 241*	Antiseize Paste (Copper Paste)		<ul> <li>For assembling screw threaded connections subjected to high temperatures and corrosive influences</li> <li>Prevents burning together or rusting on</li> <li>Optimum ratio of screw tightening torque to achievable pre-tension</li> <li>Classic anti-seize paste</li> </ul>
DKS 245	Copper Paste with High Corrosion Protection		<ul> <li>For screws, bolts and sliding surfaces subjected to high temperatures, water or sea water</li> <li>Prevents burning together and rusting on</li> <li>Prevents seizing during assembly</li> <li>Highly adhesive</li> <li>Excellent corrosion protection</li> <li>Suitable for brake systems</li> </ul>



#### Pastes

			Pastes
Properties/Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging
	black $MoS_2$ graphite other solid lubricants $Mo_X$ -Active synthetic oil lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-35 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +450 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Press-fit: $\mu = 0.09$ , no chatter Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,400 N Thread friction (M10/8.8): not applicable	40 ml tube 250 g tin 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
	black-grey semi-synthetic oil	Operating temperature: $-40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +1,400 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Press-fit: $\mu = 0.11$ , Chatter from 4,000 N Four-ball test rig (welding load): 4,400 N Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.10$	250 g brush tin 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock
	black MoS ₂ other solid lubricants Mo _x -Active synthetic oil	Operating temperature: $-35 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +450 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Press-fit: $\mu = 0.05$ , no chatter Four-ball test rig (welding load): 4,200 N Thread friction (M10/8.8): not applicable	40 ml tube 250 g tin 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 400 ml aerosol*
	black MoS ₂ other solid lubricants polyglycol lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-35 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +180 ^{\circ}\text{C}/+450 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ (lubrication/separation) Press-fit: $\mu = 0.11$ Four-ball test rig (welding load): 3,200 N Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.10$	250 g tin 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
	metallic silver aluminium powder other solid lubricants synthetic oil inorganic thickener	Operating temperature: -40 °C $\rightarrow$ +1,100 °C Press-fit: n.a. Four-ball test rig (welding load): n.a. Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu$ = 0.12	250 g brush tin 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 400 ml aerosol*
	copper brown copper powder $MoS_2$ other solid lubricants synthetic oil inorganic thickener	Operating temperature: $-30 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +200 ^{\circ}\text{C}/+1,100 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Press-fit: $\mu = 0.12$ , no chatter Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,800 N Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.09$	8 ml tube 75 ml tube 250 g brush tin 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock 400 ml aerosol*
	copper-coloured copper powder corrosion protection additive semi-synthetic oil lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-30 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +150 ^{\circ}\text{C}/+1,100 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Press-fit: $\mu = 0.12$ , no chatter Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,600 N Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.15$	250 ml brush tin 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock

# PASTES FOR EASY ASSEMBLY

### AND DISMANTLING



Pastes			
Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OKS 250 OKS 2501* Mo <u>x</u> • Active	White Allround Paste, metal-free		<ul> <li>For screws, bolts and sliding surfaces subjected to high pressures and temperatures</li> <li>Metal-free</li> <li>Optimum ratio of tightening torque to achievable pre-tension</li> <li>Excellent corrosion protection</li> <li>Also suitable for stainless-steel connections</li> <li>Use as universal high-temperature paste</li> </ul>
OKS 252	White High- Temperature Paste for Food Processing Technology		<ul> <li>Lubrication of screws, bolts and sliding surfaces that are subjected to high pressures, high temperatures at low speeds or oscillating movements</li> <li>Prevents burning together and rusting on</li> <li>Metal-free</li> <li>Highly adhesive</li> <li>Universal high-temperature assembly paste</li> </ul>
OKS 260	White Assembly Paste		<ul> <li>For screws, bolts and sliding surfaces subjected to high pressures at low speeds</li> <li>Optimum ratio of tightening torque to achievable pre-tension</li> <li>Prevents frictional corrosion</li> <li>Metal-free</li> <li>Waterproof</li> </ul>
OKS 265	Chuck Jaw Paste		<ul> <li>For sliding surfaces subjected to high pressures, vibrations and impact loads</li> <li>Optimum coefficient of sliding friction for high elasticity</li> <li>Resistant to water and cooling lubricants</li> <li>Prevents frictional corrosion</li> <li>Especially for chucks on machine tools</li> </ul>
OKS 270	White Grease Paste		<ul> <li>Long-term lubrication of sliding surfaces subjected to high pressures</li> <li>Non-soiling alternative to black lubricants</li> <li>Use as multipurpose grease paste, e.g. on textile, packaging or office machines and household appliances</li> </ul>
OKS 273	Grease Paste for Plastic Gears		<ul> <li>Lubrication of plastic gears at low and high temperatures as well as low to medium speeds</li> <li>Long-term lubrication of heavily loaded small gears</li> <li>Good corrosion protection</li> <li>Good compatibility to plastics</li> <li>Use at plastic gears e.g. in roller-shutter and awning drives</li> </ul>



#### Pastes

			Pastes
Properties / Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging
NSF + 1 6	beige white solid lubricants Mo _x -Active synthetic oil polycarbamide	Operating temperature: $-40 \degree C \rightarrow +200 \degree C/+1,400 \degree C$ (lubrication/separation) Press-fit: $\mu = 0.10$ , no chatter Four-ball test rig (welding load): 3,600 N Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.12$	8 ml tube 80 ml tube 250 g brush tin 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock 400 ml aerosol*
	light grey white solid lubricants polyglycol silicate	Operating temperature: -30 °C $\rightarrow$ +160 °C/+1,200 °C (lubrication/separation) Press-fit: $\mu$ = 0.12, no chatter Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu$ = 0.15	200 g dispenser 250 g brush tin 1 kg tin
NSF H1 Reg. No. 135748			
	light-coloured white solid lubricants white oil lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-25 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +150 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Press-fit: $\mu = 0.09$ , no chatter Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,600 N Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.08$	80 ml tube 250 g tin 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
	light-coloured white solid lubricants polyalphaolefin (PAO) lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-45 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +110 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Press-fit: not applicable Four-ball test rig (welding load): 4,200 N Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.10$	400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
	light-coloured PTFE white solid lubricants white oil lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-25 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Press-fit: $\mu = 0.14$ , no chatter Four-ball test rig (welding load): 5,000 N Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.09$	80 ml tube 250 g tin 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
 pro plastic	light-coloured white solid lubricants polyalphaolefin (PAO) lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +140 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Press-fit: n.a. Four-ball test rig (welding load): n.a. Thread friction: n.a.	1 kg tin 25 kg hobbock

# PASTES FOR EASY ASSEMBLY

# AND DISMANTLING



Pastes			
Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OKS 277 OKS 2771*	High-Pressure Lubrication Paste with PTFE		<ul> <li>Lubrication of heavily loaded press and guide plates</li> <li>Lubrication and sealing of fittings made of metal, plastic and ceramic</li> <li>Long regreasing intervals</li> <li>Good plastic and elastomer compatibility</li> <li>Highly adhesive</li> <li>Use as lubrication paste, e.g. for telescope booms of mobile cranes</li> </ul>
OK5 280	White High- Temperature Paste		<ul> <li>Lubricating paste for temperature-stressed sliding surfaces</li> <li>Good separating effect through optimal solid lubricant combinations</li> <li>Prevents carburising of tools and workpieces</li> <li>Extends tool lives</li> <li>Use as separating paste at thermoforming processes</li> </ul>
OK5 1103	Heat Sink Paste		<ul> <li>Protection of sensitive electronic components against overheating</li> <li>High thermal conductivity, 20 times better than at air</li> <li>Electrically insulating</li> <li>No drying out, hardening or bleeding</li> <li>For thermal coupling of electronic components such as sensors, probes, diodes, transistors, etc. to cooling plates</li> </ul>
OKS 1105	Insulating Paste		<ul> <li>Sealing lubrication for electrical or electronic equipment</li> <li>Highly adhesive on glass, porcelain and plastics</li> <li>Excellent resistance to chemical and weatherbased influences</li> <li>Small change in the dielectric properties across a wide temperature range</li> <li>For protection of insulators and switchgear in a humid atmosphere</li> </ul>







#### Pastes

			Pastes
Properties / Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging
Pro plastic Control of the second se	white PTFE ester	Operating temperature: -20 °C → +150 °C Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,200 N	1 kg tin 25 kg hobbock 400 ml aerosol*
	white white solid lubricants mineral oil lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-15 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +1,150 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Press-fit: n.a. Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,400 N Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.09$	1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
	white metal oxides silicone oil inorganic thickener	Operating temperature: $-40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +180 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Thermal conductivity: ca. 0.7 W/mK Dielectric strength (20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): ca. 19 kV/mm Thermal capacity (21 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): ca. 1.03 J/cm $^{\circ}\text{K}$	40 ml tube 500 g tin 5 kg hobbock
pro plastic 	light-coloured silicone oil inorganic thickener	Operating temperature: $-40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +200 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Specific resistivity (25 $^{\circ}$ C): ca. $10^{14} \Omega$ cm Dielectric constant ( $10^2 - 10^5 \text{Hz}$ ): 2.75 Dielectric strength (0.05 inch): ca. 35 kV/mm	500 g tin 5 kg hobbock



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### OILS WITH HIGH-PERFORMANCE ADDITIVES FOR RELIABLE LUBRICATION



Oils			
Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OKS 30 Mo _x - Active	Mo _x -Active Additive		<ul> <li>EP additive for universal use as additive to industrial oils</li> <li>Improves the run-in lubrication of new and overhauled machines</li> <li>Smoothing of the surfaces results in lower wear and thermal loading of the lubricant</li> <li>Makes longer lubricating intervals possible</li> </ul>
OKS 300 Mo _x - Active	MoS ₂ Mineral Oil- Concentrate		<ul> <li>Additive on MoS₂ and Mo_x basis</li> <li>Reduces friction, temperature and wear</li> <li>Smoothens the surfaces</li> <li>Creates emergency-running properties</li> <li>Passes common filters, does not react to magnetic filters</li> <li>Additive to gear, engine and machine oils</li> </ul>
OKS 310	MoS ₂ -High-Temperature Lubricating Oil		<ul> <li>Lubrication of machine elements up to +450 °C</li> <li>Residue-free evaporation of the base oil above +200 °C</li> <li>Dry lubrication from +200 °C to +450 °C</li> <li>Lubrication in steelworks, foundries, rolling mills, ceramics industry</li> </ul>
OKS 335	Metal-Fluid		<ul> <li>Lubrication of heavily loaded sliding surfaces at high temperatures</li> <li>Highly effective due to formation of press-resistant separating sliding layers</li> <li>Can be sprayed and brushed</li> <li>For rotary-oven bearings, at stop faces of axial guides, as well as as screw compound for hot screwed connections</li> </ul>
OKS 340 OKS 341* Mo _x - Attive	Chain Protector, strongly adhesive ISO VG 460 DIN 51 502: CLP X 460		<ul> <li>Synthetic lubricant for machine elements subjected to high pressure or corrosive influences</li> <li>Extremely high creep capacity</li> <li>Highly adhesive and resistant to throwing off</li> <li>Excellent wear protection</li> <li>O-ring neutral</li> <li>For fast-running chains</li> </ul>
OKS 350 Mo _x - Active	High-Temperature Chain Oil with MoS ₂ , synthetic		<ul> <li>Synthetic oil for machine elements at high temperatures</li> <li>Highly load-bearing capacity due to finest, homogeneous MoS₂ distribution in oil</li> <li>Emergency running propeties through MoS₂ at dry running</li> <li>Outstanding adhesion and lubrication effect with no tendency to drip or dry out</li> <li>Silicone-free</li> </ul>
OKS 352 OKS 3521* ChronoLube	High-Temperature Oil, light-coloured, synthetic		<ul> <li>Synthetic high-temperature oil</li> <li>Good wear protective through EP additives</li> <li>Excellent oxidation protection, therefore resistant to ageing</li> <li>Low tendency to drip at high temperatures</li> <li>Minimal evaporation losses</li> <li>Residue-free evaporation</li> </ul>
System	DIN 51 502: CLP E 320		Good water and steam resistance



			Oils
Properties / Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging
	greenish Mo _x -Active ester	Operating temperature: n.a. Density (20 °C): 1.03 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): 70 mm²/s	1 l tin 5 l canister
	black MoS ₂ Mo _x -Active mineral oil	Operating temperature: n.a. Density (20°C): 0.92 g/ml Viscosity (40°C): ca. 90 mm²/s Four-ball test rig (welding load): n.a.	200 ml bottle 1 I tin 5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum
	black MoS ₂ polyglycol	Operating temperature: → +200 °C/+450 °C Density (20 °C): 1.01 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): ca. 108 mm²/s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,800 N	1 I tin 5 I canister 25 I canister
	grey-copper copper graphite aluminium mineral oil polyalphaolefin (PAO)	Operating temperature: $-30 \degree C \rightarrow +200 \degree C/+650 \degree C$ Density (20 °C): 0.98 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): ca. 2,100 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 3,800 N	5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum
	brownish-transparent Mo _x -Active adhesion improver polyisobutylene	Operating temperature: $-30 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +180 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Density (20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 0.90 g/ml Viscosity (40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 470 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,600 N	1 I tin 5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum 400 ml aerosol*
	black MoS ₂ Mo _x -Active synthetic oil	Operating temperature: -30 °C → +250 °C Density (20 °C): 0.90 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): 240 mm²/s	5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum
	yellowish ester	Operating temperature: -10 °C → +250 °C Density (20 °C): 0.90 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): 270 mm²/s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,400 N	120 cm ³ CL-cartridge 1 I tin 5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum 400 ml aerosol*

### OILS WITH HIGH-PERFORMANCE ADDITIVES FOR RELIABLE LUBRICATION



Oils			
Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OKS 353	High-Temperature Oil, light-coloured, synthetic DIN 51502: CLP E 100		<ul> <li>Synthetic high-temperature oil</li> <li>Good wear protective through EP additives</li> <li>Excellent oxidation protection, therefore resistant to ageing</li> <li>Low tendency to drip at high temperatures</li> <li>Minimal evaporation losses</li> <li>Residue-free evaporation</li> <li>Good cleaning action</li> </ul>
OKS 354 OKS 3541* Mo _x • Active	High-Temperature Adhesive Lubricant, synthetic DIN 51502: CLP E 4.000		<ul> <li>Lubrication of machine elements at high temperatures or strong influence of water</li> <li>Excellent oxidation protection, therefore resistant to ageing</li> <li>Excellent resistance against water, steam and aggressive media</li> <li>Extremely adhesive</li> </ul>
OK5 360 OK5 361*	High-Performance Corrosion Protection Oil		<ul> <li>Storage and lubrication under corrosive conditions</li> <li>Excellent corrosion protection due to VCI inhibitors</li> <li>Good creep properties</li> <li>Highly adhesive</li> <li>Protection of metallic surfaces at indoor and outdoor storage up to 2 years, under outdoor exposure under a roof or for sea transport</li> </ul>
OKS 370 OKS 371*	Multipurpose Oil for Food Processing Technology ISO VG 15 DIN 51502: CL 15		<ul> <li>High-performance oil for precision machine elements</li> <li>Tasteless and odourless</li> <li>Extremely high creep capacity</li> <li>Displaces water</li> <li>Dissolves dirt and rust</li> <li>Washed out of textiles</li> <li>For use in textile and packaging industry</li> </ul>
OK5 387	High-Temperature Chain Lubricant for Food Processing Technology		<ul> <li>Synthetic lubricant with graphite for strongly loaded lubrication points at extreme temperatures</li> <li>Reduces wear</li> <li>Excellent lubricating and emergency running properties</li> <li>Base oil that evaporates odourlessly and residue-free above +200 °C</li> <li>Dry lubrication up to +600 °C</li> </ul>
OKS 390 OKS 391*	Cutting Oil for all Metals		<ul> <li>For machining work on all metals</li> <li>Permits high cutting speeds</li> <li>Reduces application of force</li> <li>Results in optimum cutting surfaces and extended tool life</li> <li>For universal use in workshops and during assembly work</li> </ul>
OKS 600 OKS 601*	Multi Oil		<ul> <li>Low-viscosity multipurpose oil</li> <li>Excellent creep properties</li> <li>Excellent corrosion protection</li> <li>Dismantling rusted-in parts</li> <li>Excellent lubricating properties</li> <li>Displaces moisture</li> <li>For cleaning and care of metal surfaces</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: CL 3		Protects electrical contacts



			Oils
Properties/Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging
	yellow ester	Operating temperature: $-25 ^{\circ}C \rightarrow +250 ^{\circ}C$ Density (20 $^{\circ}C$ ): 0.96 g/ml Viscosity (40 $^{\circ}C$ ): 100 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,000 N	1   tin 5   canister 25   canister 200   drum
	yellowish Mo _x -Active ester	Operating temperature: $-10 ^{\circ}C \rightarrow +250 ^{\circ}C$ Density (20 $^{\circ}C$ ): 0.91 g/ml Viscosity (40 $^{\circ}C$ ): 4,000 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,200 N	5 l canister 25 l canister 200 l drum 400 ml aerosol*
	light-coloured VCI corrosion protection mineral oil	Operating temperature: $-40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +80 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Density (20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 0.88 g/ml Viscosity (40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 15 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): n.a.	5 l canister 25 l canister 400 ml aerosol*
OKS 370: NSF H1 Reg. No. 124382 OKS 371: NSF H1 Reg. No. 124384	colourless white oil	Operating temperature: -10 °C → +180 °C Density (20 °C): 0.87 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): 14 mm²/s	5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum 400 ml aerosol*
NSF H1 Reg. No. 126583	black graphite polyglycol	Operating temperature: max +600 °C Density (20 °C): 1.04 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): 190 mm²/s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,800 N	5 I canister 25 I canister
and the second sec	yellowish mineral oil	Operating temperature: not applicable Density (20°C): 0.87 g/ml Viscosity (40°C): 22 mm²/s	250 ml bottle 5 l canister 25 l canister 200 l drum 400 ml aerosol*
	brownish transparent mineral oil	Operating temperature: $-30 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +60 ^{\circ}\text{C} / 150 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ (After evaporation of the solvent) Density (20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 0.81 g/ml Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): ca. 3 mm ² /s Salt spray test: > 50 h	5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum 400 ml aerosol*

### OILS WITH HIGH-PERFORMANCE ADDITIVES FOR RELIABLE LUBRICATION



Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
ок5 630 ок5 631*	Multi Oil PLUS with PTFE		<ul> <li>Multifunction oil with PTFE for a wide range of applications in maintenance and servicing</li> <li>Protects reliably against friction and wear even at high loads and slow movements</li> <li>Good protection against corrosion and lubricant film with good adhesive properties through optimal additive combination</li> <li>The good penetration properties allow the lubrication of points that are difficult to access, e.g. joints, hinges and chain inner bearings</li> </ul>
OKS 640 OKS 641* ew Formula!	Maintenance Oil		<ul> <li>For dismantling, lubrication and care of machine elements and metal surfaces</li> <li>Good cleaning action</li> <li>Temporary protection against corrosion</li> <li>Displaces moisture</li> <li>For use in industry and workshop field</li> </ul>
OKS 650	Protective Oil for woodworking machines		<ul> <li>Cleaning and protection of metal surfaces in the timber industry</li> <li>Lubricating of chains, joints, levers, springs, hinges and similar components, also at low temperatures</li> <li>Highly effective due to good penetrating property and high cleaning effect</li> </ul>
OKS 670 OKS 671* ew Formula!	High-Performance Lube Oil with white Solid Lubricants analogue to DIN 51 502: CLF 15		<ul> <li>Long-term lubrication of machine elements subjected to high pressures, dust or moisture</li> <li>Excellent corrosion protection</li> <li>Good creep properties</li> <li>Lubrication wherever good penetration capacity is the only possibility for relubrication, e.g. at joints, hinges, levers and guides</li> </ul>
OKS 700 OKS 701*	Synthetic Oil DIN 51502: CL X 15		<ul> <li>For lubrication and care of high-precision machine elements</li> <li>Resin and acid-free</li> <li>Good creep behaviour</li> <li>Excellent wetting behaviour</li> <li>Compatible with plastics</li> <li>For use on measuring instruments in precision mechanics or optics</li> </ul>
OKS 1000	Silicone Oil		<ul> <li>Lubricant and parting agents for plastics and elastomers</li> <li>Also as damping oil</li> <li>Neutral with respect to plastics, elastomers or paints</li> <li>Broad temperature application range</li> <li>Excellent surface wetting</li> <li>Resin and acid-free</li> <li>Available in viscosities of 50 to 5000 cSt</li> </ul>
ок <b>5</b> 3520 New	Extreme-Temperature Oil, light-coloured, synthetic analogue to DIN 51 502: CLP E 150		<ul> <li>Fully synthetic extreme temperature oil</li> <li>Excellent wear protection at extremely high operating temperatures</li> <li>Long period of use through high oxidation stability and minimal evaporation losses at temperatures up to 280 °C</li> <li>For the lubrication of chains, hinges, slideways and clamping and drying frames in conveying</li> </ul>



				Oils
Properties / Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging	
	beige mineral oil PTFE	Operating temperature: $-30 \degree \text{C} \rightarrow +60 \degree \text{C} / 100 \degree \text{C}$ (After evaporation of the solvent) Density ( $20 \degree \text{C}$ ): 0.83 g/ml Viscosity ( $40 \degree \text{C}$ ): 5 mm ² /s Coefficient of friction SRV: $\mu$ = 0.10 Wear SRV: 0.001 mm ³ Salt spray test: 50 h	5 l canister 400 ml aerosol*	
	brown mineral oil solvent	Operating temperature: $-30 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +60 ^{\circ}\text{C} / 150 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ (After evaporation of the solvent) Density (20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 0.82 g/ml Viscosity (40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 3 mm ² /s Coefficient of friction SRV: $\mu$ = 0.11 Wear SRV: 0.003 mm ³ Salt spray test: > 100 h	5   canister 25   canister 200   drum 400 ml aerosol*	
	greenish synthetic oil synthetic oil mixture adhesion improver	Operating temperature: -50 °C → +180 °C Density (20 °C): 0.85 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): 23 mm²/s	5   canister 25   canister 200   drum	
	beige white solid lubricants mineral oil	Operating temperature: $-30 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +60 ^{\circ}\text{C} / 150 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ (After evaporation of the solvent) Density (20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 0.82 g/ml Viscosity (40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 18 mm ² /s Coefficient of friction SRV: $\mu$ = 0.08 Wear SRV: 0.002 mm ³ Salt spray test: > 150 h	5 l canister 25 l canister 200 l drum 400 ml aerosol*	
	light brown polyisobutylene	Operating temperature: $-50 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +100 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Density (20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 0.84 g/ml Viscosity (40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 17.5 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): not applicable	1   tin 5   canister 25   canister 100 ml aerosol* 400 ml aerosol*	
Pro plastic	colourless silicone oil	Operating temperature: $-55 ^{\circ}C \rightarrow +200 ^{\circ}C$ Density (20 $^{\circ}C$ ): 0.96 – 0.97 g/ml Viscosity (25 $^{\circ}C$ ): 50 – 5,000 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): n.a.	1   tin 5   canister 25   canister 200   drum	
	yellowish ester	Operating temperature: -10 °C -> +280 °C Density (20 °C): 0.97 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): 150 mm²/s	5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum	

### OILS WITH HIGH-PERFORMANCE ADDITIVES FOR RELIABLE LUBRICATION



Oils			
Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OKS 3570 OKS 3571*	High-Temperature Chain Oil for Food Processing Technology ISO VG 320 DIN 51 502: CLP E 320		<ul> <li>Lubrication of chains, hinges, joints, clamping and drying frames or slideways at high temperatures up to 250 °C</li> <li>Good adhesion on metal surfaces</li> <li>Excellent water resistance</li> <li>Excellent oxidation properties</li> <li>For use in conveying systems, painting, stoving and drying systems of the packaging and food processing industry</li> </ul>
OKS 3710	Low-Temperature Oil for Food Processing Technology ISO VG 10 DIN 51 502: CL HC 10		<ul> <li>Fully synthetic oil for permanently low temperatures</li> <li>Physiologically harmless</li> <li>Excellent low-temperature behaviour</li> <li>Optimal additives against oxidation and ageing</li> <li>Long economic operating times</li> <li>For use in cold storage houses, shock freezers, etc.</li> </ul>
OKS 3720 ChronoLube System	Gear Oil for Food Processing Technology ISO VG 220 DIN 51 502: CLP HC 220		<ul> <li>Fully synthetic</li> <li>Also for the lubrication of rolling, friction bearings, chains and other lubricating points</li> <li>Long operating times due to high temperature and oxidation stability</li> <li>Good wear protection</li> <li>Resistant to steam, alkali and acid disinfectants and cleaning agents</li> </ul>
OKS 3725	Gear Oil for Food Processing Technology ISO VG 320 DIN 51 502: CLP HC 320		<ul> <li>Fully synthetic</li> <li>Also for the lubrication of rolling, friction bearings, chains and other lubricating points</li> <li>Long operating times due to high temperature and oxidation stability</li> <li>Good wear protection</li> <li>Resistant to steam, alkali and acid disinfectants and cleaning agents</li> </ul>
OKS 3730	Gear Oil for Food Processing Technology ISO VG 460 DIN 51 502: CLP HC 460		<ul> <li>Fully synthetic</li> <li>Also for the lubrication of rolling, friction bearings, chains and other lubricating points</li> <li>Long operating times due to high temperature and oxidation stability</li> <li>Good wear protection</li> <li>Resistant to steam, alkali and acid disinfectants and cleaning agents</li> </ul>
OKS 3740	Gear Oil for Food Processing Technology ISO VG 680 DIN 51 502: CLP HC 680		<ul> <li>Fully synthetic</li> <li>Also for the lubrication of rolling, friction bearings, chains and other lubricating points</li> <li>Long operating times due to high temperature and oxidation stability</li> <li>Good wear protection</li> <li>Resistant to steam, alkali and acid disinfectants and cleaning agents</li> </ul>
OKS 3750 OKS 3751*	Adhesive Lubricant with PTFE ISO VG 100 DIN 51 502: CLF HC 100		<ul> <li>Lubricating oil with PTFE</li> <li>Long operating times due to high temperature and oxidation stability</li> <li>Excellent wear protection , adheres well</li> <li>High pressure absorption capacity</li> <li>Resistant to steam, alkali and acid disinfectants and cleaning agents</li> <li>Tasteless and odourless</li> </ul>



			Oils
Properties / Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging
NSF +	yellowish-red synthetic oil	Operating temperature: -10°C → +250°C Density (20°C): 0.87 g/ml Viscosity (40°C): 300 mm²/s	120 cm ³ CL-cartridge 5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum 400 ml aerosol*
OKS 3570: NSF H1 Reg. No. 145347 OKS 3571: NSF H1 Reg. No. 147769			
NSF E	colourless polyalphaolefin (PAO)	Operating temperature: $-60 \degree C \rightarrow +135 \degree C$ Density (20 $\degree C$ ): 0.80 g/ml Viscosity (40 $\degree C$ ): 9 mm ² /s	5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum
NSF H1 Reg. No. 142477			
NSF.	colourless synthetic oil mixture	Operating temperature: -30 °C→ +120 °C Density (20 °C): 0.85 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): 220 mm²/s FZG damage level: power level >12	120 cm³ CL-cartridge 5 l canister 25 l canister 200 l drum
NSF H1 Reg. No. 135752			
NSF III	colourless synthetic oil mixture	Operating temperature: -30 °C → +120 °C Density (20 °C): 0.85 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): 320 mm²/s FZG damage level: power level >12	5 I canister 25 I canister
NSF H1 Reg. No. 143596			
NSF.	colourless-hellyellow synthetic oil mixture	Operating temperature: $-30 \degree C \rightarrow +120 \degree C$ Density (20 °C): 0.86 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): 460 mm ² /s FZG damage level: power level >12	5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum
NSF H1 Reg. No. 135753			
NSF I	colourless synthetic oil mixture	Operating temperature: $-25 \degree C \rightarrow +120 \degree C$ Density (20 $\degree C$ ): 0.86 g/ml Viscosity (40 $\degree C$ ): 680 mm ² /s FZG damage level: power level >12	5 I canister 25 I canister
NSF H1 Reg. No. 135754			
NSF C	whitish PTFE polyalphaolefin (PAO)	Operating temperature: $-35 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +135 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Density (20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 0.85 g/ml Viscosity (40 $^{\circ}$ C): 110 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,600 N	5 l canister 400 ml aerosol*
OKS 3750: NSF H1 Reg. No. 124383 OKS 3751: NSF H1 Reg. No. 124801			

### OILS WITH HIGH-PERFORMANCE ADDITIVES FOR RELIABLE LUBRICATION

Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OKS 3760	Multipurpose Oil for Food Processing Technology ISO VG 100 DIN 51 502: HLP HC 100 DIN 51 502: VDL HC 100		<ul> <li>Fully synthetic multipurpose oil</li> <li>Also suitable as compressor- or hydraulic oil</li> <li>Long operating times due to high temperature and oxidation stability</li> <li>Good wear protection</li> <li>Resistant to steam, alkali and acid disinfectants and cleaning agents</li> <li>Tasteless and odourless</li> </ul>
OKS 3770	Hydraulic Oil for Food Processing Technology ISO VG 46 DIN 51 502: HLP HC 46 DIN 51 502: VDL HC 46		<ul> <li>Fully synthetic oil for hydraulic systems, as well as other machine elements</li> <li>For screws and multiple vane rotary vacuum pumps</li> <li>Long operating times due to high temperature and oxidation stability</li> <li>Good wear protection</li> <li>Resistant to steam, alkali and acid disinfectants and cleaning agents</li> </ul>
OKS 3775	Hydraulic Oil for Food Processing Technology ISO VG 32 DIN 51 502: HLP HC 32 DIN 51 502: VDL HC 32		<ul> <li>Fully synthetic oil for hydraulic systems, as well as other machine elements</li> <li>For screws and multiple vane rotary vacuum pumps</li> <li>Long operating times due to high temperature and oxidation stability</li> <li>Good wear protection</li> <li>Resistant to steam, alkali and acid disinfectants and cleaning agents</li> </ul>
OKS 3780	Hydraulic Oil for Food Processing Technology ISO VG 68 DIN 51 502: HLP HC 68 DIN 51 502: VDL HC 68		<ul> <li>Fully synthetic oil for hydraulic systems, as well as other machine elements</li> <li>Long operating times due to high temperature and oxidation stability</li> <li>For screws and multiple vane rotary vacuum pumps</li> <li>Resistant to steam, alkali and acid disinfectants and cleaning agents</li> </ul>
OKS 3790	Sugar-Dissolving Oil, fully synthetic		<ul> <li>For dissolving sugar deposits and cleaning machine parts</li> <li>Lubrication of precision mechanisms</li> <li>Forming lubricant for packaging</li> <li>Good cleaning and lubrication effect</li> <li>Good wear and corrosion protection</li> <li>Tasteless and odourless emulsion</li> <li>Specially for use in the sweets industry</li> </ul>
OKS 8600 OKS 8601*	BlOlogic Multi Oil		<ul> <li>Universal biodegradable multipurpose oil in the temperature range up to 160°C</li> <li>Good creep and lubrication properties</li> <li>VOC-free</li> <li>Silicone-free</li> </ul>
	ISO VG 32 DIN 51 502: CLX 32		<ul> <li>Silicone-iree</li> <li>For use in forestry, agriculture and water management</li> </ul>





			Oils
Properties / Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging
NSF H1 Reg. No. 129964	colourless polyalphaolefin (PAO)	Operating temperature: -35 °C → +135 °C Density (20 °C): 0.84 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): 100 mm²/s	120 cm ³ CL-cartridge 5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum
		0	C L a curiata u
NSF.	colourless polyalphaolefin (PAO)	Operating temperature: -40 °C → +135 °C Density (20 °C): 0.83 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): 46 mm²/s	5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum
NSF H1 Reg. No. 129962			
NSF.	colourless polyalphaolefin (PAO)	Operating temperature: -45 °C → +135 °C Density (20 °C): 0.83 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): 32 mm²/s	5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum
NSF H1 Reg. No. 143597			
	colourless polyalphaolefin (PAO)	Operating temperature: -40 °C → +135 °C Density (20 °C): 0.83 g/ml Viscosity (40 °C): 66 mm²/s	5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum
NSF H1 Reg. No. 136036			
(NSE)	colourless water polyglycol	Operating temperature: $-5 \degree C \rightarrow +80 \degree C$ Density (20 $\degree C$ ): 1.06 g/ml Viscosity (40 $\degree C$ ): 20 – 24 mm ² /s	5 I canister 25 I canister
NSF H1 Reg. No. 128470			
	yellowish-light brown ester	Operating temperature: $-5 \degree C \rightarrow +160 \degree C$ Density (20 $\degree C$ ): 0.92 g/ml Viscosity (40 $\degree C$ ): 35 – 40 mm ² /s	5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum 400 ml aerosol*
EU Ecolabel NL/27/008			



# GREASES FOR LONG-TERM LUBRICATION UNDER CRITICAL OPERATION CONDITIONS



Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OKS 400	MoS ₂ Multipurpose High-Performance Grease		<ul> <li>For heavily loaded or impact-loaded rolling and friction bearings, spindles and joints</li> <li>Forms an MoS₂ sliding film for emergency running properties</li> <li>Reduces wear</li> </ul>
System	DIN 51 502: KPF2K-30		<ul> <li>Resistant to ageing and oxidation</li> <li>High-pressure grease for universal use</li> </ul>
OK5 402	Ball-Bearing High- Performance Grease DIN 51502: K2K-30		<ul> <li>For machine elements such as rolling and friction bearings, spindles and slideways under normal loads</li> <li>Reduces wear</li> <li>Good resistance to pressure and water</li> <li>Resistant to ageing and oxidation</li> <li>Multipurpose grease</li> <li>Also available in NLGI grade 3</li> </ul>
OKS 403	Marine Grease DIN 51502: KP1-2E-20		<ul> <li>Lubrication of machine elements subjected to water or sea water</li> <li>Excellent corrosion protection</li> <li>Adheres well</li> <li>Has proven itself in wet operating environments and in coastal and marine areas</li> <li>Suitable as water pump grease</li> </ul>
OKS 404	High-Performance and High-Temperature Grease DIN 51502: KP2P-30		<ul> <li>For lubricating high pressure loaded rolling and friction bearings in a wide temperature range</li> <li>Reduces wear</li> <li>Good pressure resistance</li> <li>Good water resistance</li> <li>Resistant to ageing and oxidation</li> <li>Good corrosion protection</li> <li>Modern grease with a wide range of applications</li> </ul>
OKS 410 Mo <u>x • Active</u>	MoS₂ High-Pressure Long-Life Grease		<ul> <li>Long-term lubrication of lubrication points subjected to pressure or impacts also under outdoor exposure</li> <li>Good emergency running properties</li> <li>Excellent wear protection</li> <li>Good water resistance</li> <li>Highly adhesive</li> <li>For harsh conditions, e.g. in rolling mills, construction and agricultural machines, in mining and port operations</li> </ul>
OKS 416	Low-Temperature and High-Speed Grease DIN 51502: KPE2K-50		<ul> <li>Supple consistency, also at low temperatures</li> <li>Good wear protection</li> <li>High dynamic load-bearing capacity</li> <li>Good corrosion protection</li> <li>Reliable lubrication of conveying equipment and spindle bearings in cold storage houses</li> <li>Suitable as instrument grease</li> </ul>
OKS 418	High-Temperature Grease		<ul> <li>Lubrication of friction and rolling bearings at higher temperatures</li> <li>Long-term lubrication of lubrication points subjected to high pressure</li> <li>Good wear protection</li> <li>Good resistance to oxidation and ageing</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: KPF2N-20		Economic hot bearing grease without drop point



#### **Greases**

			Greases
Properties / Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging
	black MoS ₂ mineral oil lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-30 \degree C \rightarrow +120 \degree C$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 300,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 100 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 3,600 N	120 cm ³ CL-cartridge 80 ml tube 400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock 180 kg drum Lubrication set
	beige mineral oil lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-30 \degree C \rightarrow +120 \degree C$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 500,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 $\degree C$ ): 110 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,000 N	400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
	brown EP additive mineral oil calcium soap	Operating temperature: $-25 \degree C \rightarrow +80 \degree C$ NLGI grade: 1–2 DN factor (dm x n): 350,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 100 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 3,000 N	400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock 180 kg drum
	light-coloured EP additive mineral oil polyalphaolefin (PAO) lithium-complex soap	Operating temperature: $-30 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +150 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 350,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}$ C): 100 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,800 N	120 cm ³ CL-cartridge 400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock 180 kg drum
	grey $MoS_2$ $Mo_x$ -Active mineral oil lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-20 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +130 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 500,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 185 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 3,600 N	400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock 180 kg drum
Biodegradability: CEC-L-33-A93 21 days > 70 %	yellow EP additive semi-synthetic oil lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-50 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +120 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 1,000,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}$ C): 15 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,400 N	400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock
	black MoS ₂ mineral oil silicate	Operating temperature: $-25 \degree C \rightarrow +150 \degree C$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 400,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 220 mm ² /s	1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock

# GREASES FOR LONG-TERM LUBRICATION UNDER CRITICAL OPERATION CONDITIONS



Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
. 100000	Longhauon		
OKS 420	High-Temperature Multipurpose Grease		<ul> <li>For rolling and friction bearings, slow-running gears and chains at high temperatures, impact and pressure loads or water influences</li> <li>Extremely impact and pressure-resistant</li> <li>Good wear protection</li> </ul>
System			Highly adhesive
Mo _x - Active			For universal use at increased requirements
	DIN 51502: KP1-2P-10		
OK5 422	Universal Grease for Long-Life Lubrication		<ul> <li>For rolling and friction bearings and spindles at extreme temperatures or high speeds</li> <li>Extremely impact and pressure-resistant</li> <li>Excellent wear protection</li> <li>Long regreasing intervals</li> <li>Use outside normal performance areas</li> <li>Spindle bearing lubrication at machine tools</li> </ul>
hronoLube			
System	DIN 51 502: KPHC2R-40		
OK5 424	Synthetic High- Temperature Grease		<ul> <li>For rolling and friction bearings at high temperatures and high loads</li> <li>Good temperature resistance</li> <li>Good plastic and elastomer compatibility</li> <li>Good resistance against aggressive</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: KHC1-2S-30		environmental influences • Suitable for lubrication of exhaust-gas fans
ок5 425	Synthetic Long-Life Grease DIN 51 502: KPHC2K-50		<ul> <li>Long-term or for-life lubrication of machine elements that are subjected to high pressures and high temperatures</li> <li>Excellent wear protection</li> <li>For high speeds</li> <li>Good temperature resistance</li> <li>Spindle-bearing lubrication</li> </ul>
OK5 427	Gear and Bearing Grease DIN 51502: GP0/00P-10		<ul> <li>For relatively slow-running gears, alternatively to oil lubrication</li> <li>Lubrication of drive and transport chains, rolling and friction bearings</li> <li>For high pressures, also at impact loads</li> <li>Minimising of the losses for leaks in comparison to oil lubrication</li> <li>Excellent wear protection</li> </ul>
OKS 428	Fluid Grease for Gears, synthetic		<ul> <li>For heavily loaded gearing exposed to weather outdoors and/or low temperatures, as well as angled or vertical shafts, also with gear designs which are not oil-tight</li> <li>For friction bearings with low clearance or high speeds</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: GPPG00K-40		For high pressures and impact loads
OKS 432	High Melting-Point Grease		<ul> <li>For rolling and friction bearings and similar components, at high loads and temperatures</li> <li>Excellent wear protection</li> <li>Good resistance to oxidation and ageing</li> <li>Good pressure resistance</li> <li>Maintenance of lubricating effect even at high</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: KP2R-20		temperatures



#### Greases

			Grease
Properties/Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging
	beige Mo _x -Active mineral oil polycarbamide	Operating temperature: $-10 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +160 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: $1-2$ DN factor (dm x n): 300,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 490 mm ² /s	120 cm ³ CL-cartridge 400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock 180 kg drum
	light-coloured EP additive polyalphaolefin (PAO) barium-complex soap	Operating temperature: $-40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +140 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 800,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 50 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 3,400 N	120 cm ³ CL-cartridge 400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock 180 kg drum
	cream-coloured polyalphaolefin (PAO) polycarbamide	Operating temperature: $-30 \degree C \rightarrow +200 \degree C$ NLGI grade: $1-2$ DN factor (dm x n): 350,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 400 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 1,800 N	400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock 180 kg drum
	beige EP additive polyalphaolefin (PAO) special calcium soap	Operating temperature: $-50 \degree C \rightarrow +130 \degree C$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 1,000,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 30 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 3,400 N	400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin
	brownish mineral oil synthetic oil polycarbamide	Operating temperature: $-15 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +160 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 0 – 00 DN factor (dm x n): n.a. Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}$ C): 490 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): n.a.	1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
	brown EP additive polyglycol lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-30 \degree C \rightarrow +120 \degree C$ NLGI grade: 00 DN factor (dm x n): 600,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 120 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 3,000 N	1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
	brown EP additive mineral oil aluminium-complex soap	Operating temperature: $-25 \degree C \rightarrow +190 \degree C$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 200,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 230 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,800 N	400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock 180 kg drum

# GREASES FOR LONG-TERM LUBRICATION UNDER CRITICAL OPERATION CONDITIONS



Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
	Designation		
OKS 433	Long-Acting High-Pressure Grease		<ul> <li>For friction and rolling bearings at high pressures</li> <li>EP additives</li> <li>Good wear protection</li> <li>Good resistance to oxidation and ageing</li> <li>For heavily loaded rolling and taper roller</li> </ul>
hronoLube System	DIN 51 502: KP2K-20	<b>8</b> 0	<ul> <li>For nearing loaded rolling and taper roller bearings, e.g. on rolling stands, hot and cold shearing systems, sliding blocks and spindles</li> </ul>
OKS 450 OKS 451*	Chain Lubricant, transparent		For fast-running chains and other machine ele- ments subjected to high pressures or corrosive influences
System	ISO VG 320		<ul> <li>Extremely high creep capacity</li> <li>Highly adhesive , waterproof</li> <li>Resistant to throwing off</li> <li>Excellent wear protection</li> </ul>
Mo _x - Active	DIN 51 502: CLP X 320		Suitable for lubricating flexible drives
OKS 464	Electrically Conductive Rolling Bearing Grease		<ul> <li>Special grease for long-term lubrication of rolling and friction bearings for avoiding electrostatic charging</li> <li>Good resistance to oxidation and ageing in rolling bearings</li> <li>For bearings in motors, sheet drawing systems,</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: KHC2N-40		sheet printing machines, etc.
ок5 468 New	Plastic and Elastomer Grease		<ul> <li>Lubricating and sealing grease for plastic/plastic and plastic/metal combinations</li> <li>Good elastomer and plastic compatibility</li> <li>EPDM compatible</li> <li>Silicone-free, highly adhesive</li> <li>Tasteless and odourless</li> </ul>
OKS 469	Plastic and Elastomer Grease		<ul> <li>Lubricating and sealing grease for plastic/plastic and plastic/metal combinations</li> <li>Good elastomer and plastic compatibility</li> <li>Silicone-free</li> <li>Highly adhesive</li> <li>Does not affect the quality properties of beer foam</li> <li>Tasteless and odourless</li> </ul>
OKS 470 OKS 471*	White Universal High- Performance Grease		<ul> <li>For heavily loaded rolling and friction bearings, spindles and slideways when dark-coloured lubricants cannot be used</li> <li>Good pressure properties</li> <li>Reduces wear</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: KF2K-30		Resistant to ageing and oxidation     Waterproof
OKS 472	Low-Temperature Grease for Food Processing Technology		<ul> <li>Lubrication of rolling and friction bearings with minimal bearing play and high speeds, at low temperatures as well as low coasting torques</li> <li>Functionality of the lubricating film up to -70 °C</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: KHC1K-40		<ul> <li>Reduces wear</li> <li>Good resistance to ageing and oxidation</li> <li>For bearings in cold storage houses, ice factories, etc.</li> </ul>



#### **Greases**

EP additive       NLGI grade: 2       400 ml c         mineral oil       DN factor (dm x n): 400,000 mm/min       1 kg tin         lithium soap       Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 185 mm²/s       5 kg hot         Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,600 N       25 kg hot	<ul> <li>³ CL-cartridge cartridge</li> <li>bbock</li> <li>bbbock</li> <li>³ CL-cartridge</li> <li>ster</li> <li>ister</li> <li>um</li> </ul>
EP additive mineral oil lithium soapNLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 400,000 mm/min 	cartridge bbock obbock ³ CL-cartridge ster ister um
Mox-Active       NLGI grade: not applicable       1 I tin         adhesion improver       DN factor (dm x n): not applicable       5 I canis         synthetic oile       Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 300 mm²/s       25 I canis         Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,400 N       200 I dru	ster ister um
Image: Properties       Image: Properties       Image: Properties       Image: Properties       Image: Properties       400 ml or NLGI grade: 2       1 kg time         Image: Properties       Image: Properties       Image: Properties       Properties       Properties       1 kg time         Image: Properties       Image: Properties       Image: Properties       Properties       Properties       400 ml or NLGI grade: 2       1 kg time         Image: Properties       Image: Properties       Properties       Properties       Properties       Properties       1 kg time         Image: Properties       Properis       Properties <td< td=""><td>cartridge</td></td<>	cartridge
Image: NSF big	obock
Image: NSF H1 Reg. No. 131380       Colourless-transparent polyalphaolefin (PAO) inorganic thickener       Operating temperature: -25 °C → +150 °C       1 kg tin NLGI grade: 2         Image: NSF H1 Reg. No. 131380       DN factor (dm x n): n.a.       Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 400 mm²/s Four-ball test rig (welding load): n.a.	
Image: NSF       White       White       Operating temperature: -30 °C → +120 °C       80 ml tu         Image: NSF       Image: No. 137707       White solid lubricants       NLGI grade: 2       400 ml co         Image: NSF       Image: No. 137707       Image: No. 137707       No. 137707       No. 137707       80 ml tu	cartridge bbock obbock drum
NSFImage: Sector of the sector o	
NSF H1 Reg. No. 135749	

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# GREASES FOR LONG-TERM LUBRICATION UNDER CRITICAL OPERATION CONDITIONS



Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OKS 473	Fluid Grease for Food Processing Technology DIN 51502: KPHC00K-40		<ul> <li>For closed gears, rolling and friction bearings, joints or chains if grease lubrication is provided for</li> <li>Also suitable for higher speed, minimal bearing play or slight gear clearance</li> <li>Reduces wear, waterproof</li> <li>Can be conveyed well using central lubricating systems</li> </ul>
OKS 475	High-Performance Grease		<ul> <li>For bearings with minimal bearing play and high speeds, at low and high temperatures and for bearings with low coasting torque</li> <li>Good wear protection through PTFE</li> <li>Lubrication of components made of glass fibre reinforced plastic</li> <li>For fast-running bearings in the textile industry,</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: KFHC2K-60		in filling and packaging machines
OKS 476	Multipurpose Grease for Food Processing Technology DIN 51 502: KP2K-30		<ul> <li>For rolling and friction bearings and other machine elements</li> <li>Resistant to cold and hot water as well as disin- fectants and cleaning agents</li> <li>Resistance to oxidation</li> <li>Reduces wear</li> <li>Multipurpose grease for universal use in food processing technology</li> </ul>
OKS 477	Valve Grease for Food		Sealing lubrication of adapted sliding surfaces
	Processing Technology DIN 51 502: MHC3N-10		<ul> <li>Lubrication of plastics and elastomers</li> <li>Lubrication of slow-running bearings</li> <li>Highly adhesive, seals well</li> <li>Resistant to water and steam</li> <li>Does not affect the quality properties of beer foam</li> <li>Can also be used as sealing grease</li> </ul>
OKS 479	High-Temperature		Lubrication of rolling and friction bearings at
System	Grease for Food Processing Technology DIN 51 502: KPHC1K-30		<ul> <li>increased operating temperatures</li> <li>Good adhesive strength on metal surfaces</li> <li>Resistant to hot and cold water, water vapour, watery-alkaline and acidic disinfectants and cleaning agents</li> <li>Good resistance to oxidation and ageing</li> <li>For all sections of the food processing, beverage and pharmaceutical industries</li> </ul>
OKS 480	Waterproof High- Pressure Grease for Food Processing Technology		<ul> <li>For heavily loaded rolling and friction bearings in food processing technology</li> <li>Excellent resistance to hot and cold water as well as disinfectants and cleaning agents</li> </ul>
System	DIN 51 502: KPHC2P-30		<ul> <li>Excellent corrosion protection</li> <li>High shear, temperature and oxidation stability</li> </ul>
ОК5 490	Toothed Gearing Grease, sprayable		<ul> <li>For gears with highest pressures and high circumferential speeds</li> <li>Lubrication of guides and slide rails</li> <li>Excellent pressure resistance through EP additives and solid lubricants</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: OGPF0S-30		Protection of the tooth flanks, also at long relubrication intervals



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		Greases
Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging
light yellow polyalphaolefin (PAO) aluminium-complex soap	Operating temperature: $-45 \degree C \rightarrow +120 \degree C$ NLGI grade: $0-00$ DN factor (dm x n): 500,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 160 mm ² /s	1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
5		
beige PTFE polyalphaolefin (PAO) lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-60 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +120 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 1,000,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}$ C): ca. 30 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,000 N	400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock 170 kg drum
3		
white semi-synthetic oil aluminium-complex soap	Operating temperature: $-30 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +110 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 400,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 240 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,200 N	400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock 180 kg drum
)		
beige polyalphaolefin (PAO) silicate	Operating temperature: $-10 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +140 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 3 DN factor (dm x n): n.a. Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}$ C): 1,600 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): n.a.	100 ml tube 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock
beige polyalphaolefin (PAO) aluminium-complex soap	Operating temperature: $-35 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +120 ^{\circ}\text{C}/+160 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 1 DN factor (dm x n): 500,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}$ C): 360 mm ² /s	120 cm ³ CL-cartridge 400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
5		
cream-coloured polyalphaolefin (PAO) calcium sulphonate complex soap	Operating temperature: $-30 \degree C \rightarrow +160 \degree C$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 400,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 100 mm ² /s	120 cm ³ CL-cartridge 400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
black graphite (ultra fine) EP additive mineral oil aluminium soap	Operating temperature: $-30 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +220 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 0 DN factor (dm x n): n.a. Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}$ C): 1,000 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): ca. 6,500 N FZG damage level: power level >12	1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock 180 kg drum
	Ight yellow   Ight yellow   polyalphaolefin (PAO)   aluminium-complex soap   Image: Second sec	Ight yellow polyaphaolefin (PAO) aluminium-complex scop       Operating temperature: -45 °C → +120 °C NLGI grade: 0 = 00 DN factor (dm x n): 500,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 160 mm²/s         Image:

# GREASES FOR LONG-TERM LUBRICATION UNDER CRITICAL OPERATION CONDITIONS



	<b>_</b>		
Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OK5 491	Open Gear Spray, dry		<ul> <li>Dry lubrication of slowly-turning, open pinion gears, steel cables etc. subjected to high pressures, dust or corrosive influences, such as outdoor weathering</li> <li>Prevents adhesion of dust and dirt</li> </ul>
OKS 495	Adhesive Lubricant		<ul> <li>Priming of heavily loaded tooth flanks and sliding surfaces</li> <li>Run-in lubrication to avoid damage</li> <li>Excellent pressure resistance</li> <li>Lubrication of jackscrews in the motor vehicle and train technology</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: OGPF1S-30		Gear rack lubrication in conveying equipment
0KS 1110 0KS 1111*	Multi-Silicone Grease	8	<ul> <li>For fittings, seals and plastic parts</li> <li>Resistant to media</li> <li>Excellent compatibility to plastic</li> <li>No drying out or bleeding</li> <li>Highly adhesive, tasteless and odourless</li> <li>Silicone grease for a broad range of applications</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: MSI3S-40		· · · · · · · · ·
OKS 1112	Silicone Grease for Vacuum Valves	8	<ul> <li>For slide valves and valves</li> <li>Excellent media resistance, e.g. to cold and hot water, acetone, ethanol, ethylene glycol, glycerin and methanol</li> <li>Adheres and seals well</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: MSI3S-30		For use in vacuum plants and laboratory equipment
OKS 1133	Low-Temperature Silicone Grease DIN 51 502: KSI2S-70		<ul> <li>Lubrication of rolling and friction bearings, bowden cables and fittings</li> <li>Neutral with regard to plastics and elastomers</li> <li>Lubrication of motors, drives, control systems under arctic conditions</li> </ul>
OKS 1140	Extreme-Temperature Silicone Grease		<ul> <li>For slow-running machine elements at extremely high temperatures</li> <li>Minimal evaporation losses</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: KFSI2U-20		For bearings at kilns, hardening furnaces, bakery machines, drying tunnels, foundry machines, boiler firing systems, plastics processing machines or welding and soldering machines etc.
OKS 1144	Universal Silicone Grease DIN 51 502: KSI2S-40		<ul> <li>For bearings at changing temperatures and medium speeds</li> <li>Good resistance to oxidation and ageing</li> <li>Neutral with regard to plastics and elastomers</li> <li>Lubrication of smaller bearings, e.g of turbo- superchargers, blowers, water pumps, washing machines and driers</li> </ul>
OKS 1149	Silicone Grease, with PTFE		<ul> <li>Lubrication of plastic/plastic, plastic/metal, and elastomer/metal combinations at low to medium bearing loads and speeds</li> <li>Use in a broad temperature range and good low temperature conditions</li> <li>High oxidation stability</li> <li>Excellent corrosion protection</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: KFSI2-3R-50		



#### **Greases**

			Grease
Properties / Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging
	black graphite bitumen mineral oil natural resins solvent	Operating temperature: $-30 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +100 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	400 ml aerosol
	black graphite EP additive mineral oil synthetic oil aluminium-complex soap	Operating temperature: $-40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +200 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 1 DN factor (dm x n): n.a. Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 500 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 4,200 N FZG damage level: power level >12	1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
OKS 1110: NSF H1 Reg. No. 124381	transparent silicone oil inorganic thickener	Operating temperature: $-40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +200 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 3 DN factor (dm x n): not applicable Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}$ C): 9,500 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): not applicable	10 ml tube 80 ml tube 400 ml cartridge 500 g tin 1 kg tin 5 kg/25 kg hobbock 180 kg drum 400 ml aerosol*
	transparent silicone oil inorganic thickener	Operating temperature: $-30 \degree C \rightarrow +200 \degree C$ NLGI grade: 3 DN factor (dm x n): n.a. Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 100,000 mm ² /s Evaporation loss (24h/200 °C): <3.0 percent in weight	500 g tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
pro plastic	beige silicone oil lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-73 \degree C \rightarrow +200 \degree C$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 200,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 100 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 1,200 N	80 ml tube 500 g tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
	black silicone oil special carbon black	Operating temperature: $-20 \degree C \rightarrow +290 \degree C$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 75,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 $\degree C$ ): 100 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,100 N	500 g tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
Pro plastic	beige silicone oil lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-40 \degree C \rightarrow +200 \degree C$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 300,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (25 °C): 125 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 1,100 N	500 g tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
	white PTFE silicone oil lithium-complex soap	Operating temperature: $-50 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +180 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 2–3 Base oil viscosity (25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 200 mm ² /s	400 ml cartridge 500 g tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock

# GREASES FOR LONG-TERM LUBRICATION UNDER CRITICAL OPERATION CONDITIONS



Greases	5		
Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OKS 1155	Adherent Silicone Grease		<ul> <li>For sliding points between rubber and metals or plastics at low speeds</li> <li>Excellent resistance to oxidation and ageing</li> <li>Neutral with regard to plastics and elastomers</li> <li>Highly adhesive. Seals well</li> <li>For O-rings in pneumatic systems of brake systems</li> </ul>
	DIN 51 502: MSI2R-60		
OKS 4100	MoS ₂ Extreme Pressure Grease DIN 51 502: KPF2K-20		<ul> <li>For slow-running rolling and friction bearings at very high, also shock-type loads</li> <li>Good emergency running properties through MoS₂ sliding film</li> <li>Excellent wear protection</li> <li>Good water resistance, also during high quantities of water</li> <li>Highly adhesive</li> <li>For harsh operating conditions, e.g. in stone crushers</li> </ul>
OKS 4200	Synthetic High-		Long-term lubrication of rolling and friction
Mo _x - Active	Temperature Bearing Grease with MoS ₂ DIN 51 502: KHCF2R-10		<ul> <li>bearings subjected to high temperatures</li> <li>Extremely impact and pressure-resistant</li> <li>Excellent wear protection</li> <li>Functionally reliable across a wide temperature range</li> <li>For fans, blowers, autoclaves, drying ovens, systems in metallurgical works and steelworks</li> </ul>
OKS 4210	Extreme Temperature Grease DIN 51 502: KFFK2U-20		<ul> <li>Long-term lubrication of rolling and friction bearings subjected to extremely high temperatures</li> <li>Resistant to water, steam and chemicals</li> <li>Excellent wear protection</li> <li>Excellent plastic and elastomer compatibility</li> <li>For bearings in burn-in and drying furnaces, boiler plants, roller and conveyor rollers in continuous furnaces</li> </ul>
OKS 4220	Extreme-Temperature Bearing Grease DIN 51 502: KFFK2U-20		<ul> <li>Long-term lubrication of rolling and friction bearings</li> <li>Excellent temperature resistance</li> <li>Excellent media resistance</li> <li>Excellent plastic and elastomer compatibility</li> <li>Excellent water, steam resistance</li> <li>Excellent wear protection</li> </ul>
ОКЅ 4240	Special Grease for Ejector Pins DIN 51 502: MFFK2U-20		<ul> <li>Long-term lubrication of rolling and friction bearings at extremely high temperatures and aggressive media</li> <li>Resistant to plastics or elastomers</li> <li>Excellent temperature resistance</li> <li>For the lubrication of ejector pins in the plastics industry</li> </ul>



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			Greases
Properties / Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging
Pro plastic	beige silicone oil ester lithium soap	Operating temperature: $-65 \degree C \rightarrow +175 \degree C$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): n.a. Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 100 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): n.a.	500 g tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
	black MoS ₂ graphite mineral oil lithium-calcium soap	Operating temperature: $-20 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +120 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 100,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 1,020 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): >4,000 N	400 ml cartridge 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
	black $MoS_2$ $Mo_x$ -Active polyalphaolefin (PAO) special mineral oil bentonite	Operating temperature: $-10 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +180 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 400,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ): 220 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 2,600 N	400 ml cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock 180 kg drum
	white PTFE perfluorpolyether (PFPE)	Operating temperature: $-20 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +280 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 300,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}$ C): 510 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 9,000 N	800 g cartridge 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock
NSF H1 Reg. No. 124380	white PTFE perfluorpolyether (PFPE)	Operating temperature: $-30 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +280 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 300,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 $^{\circ}$ C): 510 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): >10,000 N	40 ml tube 800 g cartridge 500 g tin 1 kg tin 5 kg hobbock
	white PTFE perfluorpolyether (PFPE) inorganic thickener	Operating temperature: $-20 \degree \text{C} \rightarrow +300 \degree \text{C}$ NLGI grade: 2 DN factor (dm x n): 350,000 mm/min Base oil viscosity (40 °C): 440 mm ² /s Four-ball test rig (welding load): 4,800 N	250 g Spender 1 kg tin

DRY LUBRICANTS – THE ALTERNATIVE

#### FOR SPECIAL APPLICATION CASES



Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OKS 100	MoS₂ Powder, high degree of purity		<ul> <li>To improve the sliding properties of machine elements</li> <li>Run-in lubricant in combination with oil or grease lubrication</li> <li>Prevents friction and wear</li> <li>Not electroconductive</li> <li>For integration in plastics, seals and packings</li> </ul>
OKS 110 OKS 111*	MoS₂ Powder, microsize		<ul> <li>Run-in lubricant in combination with oils or greases</li> <li>Not electroconductive</li> <li>For pressing in bearings</li> <li>Prevents friction and wear, even at high pressures</li> <li>Good adhesion, even at extremely precision- machined surfaces</li> </ul>
OKS 500	MoS ₂ Bonded Coating, thermosetting		<ul> <li>Dry lubrication for temporary operation and long downtimes, in dusty environments and at low speeds</li> <li>Run-in lubricant in combination with oil or grease lubrication</li> <li>Creates emergency-running properties</li> <li>Use in a broad temperature range</li> </ul>
OKS 510 OKS 511*	MoS ₂ Bonded Coating, fast-drying		<ul> <li>Dry lubrication for temporary operation or long downtimes, industry environments and at low sliding speeds</li> <li>Run-in lubricant in combination with oils or greases</li> <li>Creates emergency-running properties</li> <li>Dries at room temperature</li> </ul>
oks 521 New	MoS₂ Bonded Coating, air-hardening		<ul> <li>Air-hardening bonded coating on MoS₂-graphite basis</li> <li>Dry lubrication of machine elements subject to high demands</li> <li>Use in a broad temperature range at low to medium rotational speeds</li> <li>Rapid curing at room temperature</li> <li>Thin film layer</li> </ul>
OKS 530	MoS ₂ Bonded Coating, water-based, air-drying		<ul> <li>Lubrication of heavily loaded chains when oil and grease lubrication is no longer possible</li> <li>Wear protection for increased service life</li> <li>No adhesion of dust and dirt</li> <li>Good adhesion to metal</li> <li>Can be used under vacuum</li> <li>Can be diluted with water in ratio of up to 1:1</li> </ul>
OKS 536	Graphite Bonded Coating, water-based, air-drying		<ul> <li>Lubrication of heavily loaded chains when oil and grease lubrication is no longer possible</li> <li>Can be sprayed onto hot surfaces</li> <li>Use in a broad temperature range</li> <li>Dries at room temperature</li> <li>Spent sliding film can be topped up</li> <li>Can be diluted with water in ratio of up to 1:5</li> </ul>



#### Dry Lubricants

Properties/Approvals     Main Components     Technical Data     Packaging       Image: Im				Dry Lubricants
Image: Second secon	Properties / Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging
Image: Image			(up to +1,100°C in vacuum, up to +1,300°C in inert gas) Thread friction: n.a.	5 kg hobbock
MoS, graphite solvent       Press-fit: μ = 0.02, no chatter Thread friction: n.a.         Image: Im		MoS ₂	(up to +1,100 °C in vacuum, up to +1,300 °C in inert gas)	5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
Image:		MoS ₂ graphite epoxy resin	Press-fit: $\mu = 0.09$ , no chatter	500 g tin
MoS2 graphite polybutylene-titanate solventProcessing temperature: ca. 20°C Density (20°C): 1.05 g/mlMoS2 graphite polybutylene-titanate solventProcessing temperature: ca. 20°C Density (20°C): 1.05 g/mlMoS2 polybutylene-titanate solventOperating temperature: -35°C $\rightarrow$ +450°C Press-fit: $\mu = 0.10$ , no chatter Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.05$ 500 g tin 5 kg canister 25 kg canisterMoS2 polybutylene-titanate 		MoS ₂ graphite silicone resin	Operating temperature: -180 °C $\rightarrow$ +450 °C Press-fit: $\mu$ = 0.07, no chatter	5 kg hobbock 25 kg hobbock
MoS2 graphite organic binder water alcoholPress-fit: $\mu = 0.10$ , no chatter Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.05$ 5 kg canister 25 kg canisterNSFImage: State organic binder water alcoholDerating temperature: $-35 ^{\circ}C \rightarrow +600 ^{\circ}C$ Press-fit: $\mu = 0.12$ , no chatter Thread friction: n.a.5 kg canister 25 kg canisterNSFImage: State organic binder waterDerating temperature: $-35 ^{\circ}C \rightarrow +600 ^{\circ}C$ 		MoS ₂ graphite polybutylene-titanate	Processing temperature: ca. 20 °C	400 ml aerosol
NSF     Image: style		MoS ₂ graphite organic binder water	Press-fit: $\mu = 0.10$ , no chatter	5 kg canister
NSF H2 Reg. No. 130416		graphite organic binder	Press-fit: $\mu = 0.12$ , no chatter	
	NSF H2 Reg. No. 130416			

DRY LUBRICANTS – THE ALTERNATIVE

#### FOR SPECIAL APPLICATION CASES



Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
DKS 570 DKS 571*	PTFE Bonded Coating		<ul> <li>Dry lubrication of sliding surfaces of different materials at low pressures, low speeds and in dusty environments</li> <li>Prevents tribocorrosion</li> <li>Dries at room temperature</li> <li>No-soiling sliding and parting film</li> </ul>
DKS 575	PTFE Water Bonded Coating		<ul> <li>For sliding surfaces made of different materials at low pressures, low speeds and in dusty envi- ronments</li> <li>Avoids squeaking at differently hard materials</li> <li>Dries at room temperature</li> <li>Verifiable with UV indicator</li> <li>Can be diluted with water</li> </ul>
DKS 589	MoS ₂ PTFE Bonded Coating, thermosetting		<ul> <li>Dry lubrication of sliding surfaces under heavy loads and low speeds</li> <li>Prevents friction and wear</li> <li>No adhesion of dust and dirt</li> <li>Use in a broad temperature range</li> </ul>
0K5 1300 0K5 1301*	Sliding Film, colourless		<ul> <li>Thread coating</li> <li>Sliding film for plastic, wood and metal</li> <li>Dry sliding film fast to handling</li> <li>Verifiable with UV indicator</li> <li>Prevents seizing</li> <li>For all screw materials</li> <li>Broad range of uses, in particular for precoating small and mass-produced parts</li> </ul>
OKS 1710	Sliding Film for Screws, water-based concentrate		<ul> <li>Thread coating, also for galvanic surfaces and VA screws, for controlled assembly</li> <li>Dry sliding film fast to handling</li> <li>Verifiable with UV indicator</li> <li>Can be diluted with water in a ratio of up to 1:5</li> <li>Economic precoating</li> </ul>
OKS 1750	Sliding Film for Wood Screws, water-based concentrate		<ul> <li>Coating of threads with galvanised surfaces</li> <li>Dry sliding film fast to handling</li> <li>Verifiable with UV indicator</li> <li>Can be diluted with water in a ratio of up to 1:5</li> <li>In particular for chipboard screws</li> </ul>
OKS 1765	Sliding Film for Thread-Cutting Screws, water-based concentrate		<ul> <li>Coating of thread-cutting screws made of high- alloy steels, galvanised and austenitic steels</li> <li>Dry sliding film fast to handling</li> <li>Prevents cold welding</li> <li>Can be diluted with water in a ratio of up to 1:5</li> </ul>



#### Dry Lubricants

Properties/Approvals       Main Components       Technical Data       Packaging         Image: Imag			Þ	ry Lubricants
Image: Image	Properties / Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging
Image: Prese difficult       Prese difficult       Prese difficult       Prese difficult       Prese difficult       Thread friction (M10/8.8): not applicable         Image: Prese difficult       Image: Prese difficult       Thread friction (M10/8.8): not applicable       5 kg hobbook         Image: Prese difficult       Image: Prese difficult       Operating temperature: -70 °C → +250 °C       5 kg hobbook         Image: Prese difficult       Image: Prese difficult       Operating temperature: -60 °C → +100 °C       5 l canister         Image: Prese difficult       Image: Prese difficult       Operating temperature: -60 °C → +100 °C       5 l canister         Image: Prese difficult       Image: Prese difficult       Operating temperature: -60 °C → +100 °C       5 l canister         Image: Prese difficult       Image: Prese difficult       Operating temperature: -60 °C → +100 °C       5 l canister         Image: Prese difficult       Image: Prese difficult       Operating temperature: -60 °C       -+100 °C         Image: Prese difficult       Operating temperature: > +60 °C       Prese difficult       25 l canister         Image: Prese difficult       Operating temperature: > +70 °C       Prese difficult       25 l canister         Image: Prese difficult       Operating temperature: > +70 °C       Prese difficult       20 l drum         Image: Presedificult       Prese dificult <td></td> <td>PTFE silicone resin solvent</td> <td>Press-fit: $\mu = 0.07$, no chatter</td> <td>5 l hobbock 25 l hobbock</td>		PTFE silicone resin solvent	Press-fit: $\mu = 0.07$ , no chatter	5 l hobbock 25 l hobbock
Image:		PTFE Acrylatcopolymer UV-indicator	Press-fit: n.a.	5 kg hobbock
Windicator (OKS 1300) synthetic wax solvent       Press-fit: n.a. Thread friction (M10/8.8): µ = 0.08 - 0.10       25 I canister 200 I drum 400 ml aerosol*         Image: Construction of the term solvent       milky-white UV-indicator corrosion protection inhibitor synthetic wax water isopropanol       Operating temperature: > +60 °C Press-fit: n.a. Thread friction (M10/8.8): µ = 0.08 - 0.14 (depending on concentration and surface)       5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum 200 I drum 200 I drum 200 I drum         Image: Construction of term synthetic wax water isopropanol       Vellowish UV-indicator corrosion protection inhibitor synthetic wax water isopropanol       Operating temperature: > +70 °C Press-fit: n.a. Thread friction (M10/8.8): µ = 0.08 - 0.14 (depending on concentration and surface)       25 I canister 25 I canister         Image: Construction of the term water isopropanol       Operating temperature: > +70 °C Press-fit: n.a. Thread friction (M10/8.8): µ = 0.08 - 0.14 (depending on concentration and surface)       5 I canister 25 I canister         Image: Construction inhibitor synthetic wax water       Operating temperature: > +70 °C Press-fit: n.a. Thread friction (M10/8.8): µ = 0.06 - 0.15 (depending on concentration and surface)       5 I canister 25 I canister		MoS ₂ graphite PTFE epoxy resin	Press-fit: $\mu = 0.07$ , no chatter	5 kg hobbock
UV-indicator corrosion protection inhibitor synthetic wax water isopropanolPress-fit: n.a. Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.08 - 0.14$ (depending on concentration and surface)25 I canister 200 I drumVellowish UV-indicator corrosion protection inhibitor synthetic wax water isopropanolOperating temperature: > +70 °C Press-fit: n.a. Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.08 - 0.14$ (depending on concentration and surface)25 I canisterImage: Description of the synthetic wax water isopropanolVellowish UV-indicator corrosion protection inhibitor synthetic wax water isopropanolOperating temperature: > +70 °C Press-fit: n.a. Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.08 - 0.14$ (depending on concentration and surface)25 I canisterImage: Description of the synthetic wax water isopropanolOperating temperature: > +70 °C Press-fit: n.a. Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.06 - 0.15$ (depending on concentration and surface)5 I canister 25 I canister 25 I canister 25 I canister 25 I canisterImage: Description of the synthetic wax waterMilky-white corrosion protection inhibitor synthetic wax waterOperating temperature: > +70 °C Press-fit: n.a. Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.06 - 0.15$ (depending on concentration and surface)5 I canister 25 I canister 25 I canister		UV-indicator (OKS 1300) synthetic wax	Press-fit: n.a.	25 I canister 200 I drum
UV-indicator       Press-fit: n.a.         corrosion protection inhibitor       Thread friction (M10/8.8): μ = 0.08 – 0.14         synthetic wax       (depending on concentration and surface)         water       isopropanol         milky-white       Operating temperature: > +70 °C       5 l canister         corrosion protection inhibitor       Press-fit: n.a.       25 l canister         synthetic wax       Thread friction (M10/8.8): μ = 0.06 – 0.15       25 l canister         water       corrosion protection inhibitor       Thread friction (M10/8.8): μ = 0.06 – 0.15		UV-indicator corrosion protection inhibitor synthetic wax water	Press-fit: n.a. Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.08 - 0.14$	25 I canister
corrosion protection inhibitor       Press-fit: n.a.       25 I canister         synthetic wax       Thread friction (M10/8.8): μ = 0.06 – 0.15       water         water       (depending on concentration and surface)		UV-indicator corrosion protection inhibitor synthetic wax water	Press-fit: n.a. Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.08 - 0.14$	25 I canister
		corrosion protection inhibitor synthetic wax	Press-fit: n.a. Thread friction (M10/8.8): $\mu = 0.06 - 0.15$	

### CORROSION PROTECTION FOR RELIABLE PRESERVATION DURING STORAGE AND SHIPPING



#### **Corrosion Protection**

COFFOSIC	on Protection		
Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OKS 2100 OKS 2101*	Protective Film for Metals		<ul> <li>Temporary wax-based corrosion protection film for storage and shipping of machine parts with bare metal surfaces</li> <li>Suitable for all climatic zones</li> <li>Non-tacky, transparent film</li> <li>Easy to remove</li> <li>Good compatibility with lubricants</li> </ul>
OKS 2200	Water-based Corrosion Protection, VOC-free		<ul> <li>Temporary corrosion protection for all bare metal surfaces under environmental influences such as humidity, moisture, salty atmosphere or industrial atmospheres</li> <li>Environmentally friendly VOC-free product based on water</li> <li>Can be removed easily with warm water and water-based cleaners, such as OKS 2650</li> <li>For use at storage and transportation of metal semi-finished products, spare parts, forms and machines</li> </ul>
0KS 2300 OKS 2301*	Mould Protector		<ul> <li>Temporary corrosion protection film for bare metal surfaces</li> <li>Green colouration for checking</li> <li>Suitable for all climatic zones</li> <li>Displaces water</li> <li>Easy to remove</li> <li>Good compatibility with lubricants</li> <li>For use at storage and dispatch of machine parts</li> </ul>
OKS 2511	Zinc Coating		<ul> <li>Cathodic corrosion protection based on highly pure zinc powder for ferrous metals</li> <li>For touching up galvanised surfaces</li> <li>Also suitable as adhesive primer for coating systems</li> <li>Fast-drying</li> <li>For use in steel construction work in air conditioning technology</li> </ul>
OKS 2521	Gloss Zinc		<ul> <li>Decorative corrosion protection based on zinc and aluminium powder for ferrous metals</li> <li>For touching up hot-galvanised surfaces</li> <li>Can be welded through</li> <li>Abrasion resistant</li> <li>Can be painted over</li> <li>Fast-drying</li> </ul>
OKS 2531	Alu-Metallic		<ul> <li>Decorative corrosion protection based on alumini- um powder for metals and other solid materials</li> <li>For touching up hot-galvanised surfaces</li> <li>Fast-drying</li> <li>Abrasion resistant</li> <li>Protects vehicle exhaust systems</li> </ul>
OKS 2541	Stainless Steel Protection		<ul> <li>Resistant protective and decorative coating with stainless steel pigments for all materials</li> <li>Highly adhesive</li> <li>Impact, abrasion and scratch resistant</li> <li>Fast-drying</li> <li>Optimal when combined with OKS 2511</li> </ul>



#### **Corrosion Protection**

	Corrosion Protection			
Properties/Approvals	Main Components	Technical Data	Packaging	
NSF Street Stree	light-coloured synthetic wax corrosion protection additive solvent	Operating temperature: $-40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +70 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Salt spray test: > 1,000 h with 50 µm layer thickness Optimal layer thickness: 50 µm	5 l canister 25 l canister 200 l drum 400 ml aerosol*	
OKS 2100: NSF H2 Reg. Nr. 142256				
	light-coloured synthetic wax corrosion protection additive water	Operating temperature: $-40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +70 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Salt spray test: > 1,000 h with 30 µm layer thickness Optimal layer thickness: > 30 µm	1 l bottle 5 l canister 25 l canister	
	greenish synthetic wax corrosion protection additive solvent	Operating temperature: $-40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +70 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Salt spray test: > 1,000 h with 50 µm layer thickness Optimal layer thickness: > 10 µm	5 I canister 25 I canister 200 I drum 400 ml aerosol*	
	zinc grey purest zinc powder synthetic resin mixture solvent mixture	Operating temperature: up to +400 °C Salt spray test: 700 h with 70 μm layer thickness Optimal layer thickness: 60 – 80 μm	400 ml aerosol	
	aluminium-coloured purest zinc powder purest aluminium powder synthetic resin solvent mixture	Operating temperature: up to +240 °C Salt spray test: 240 h with 80 – 100 μm layer thickness Optimal layer thickness: 30 – 40 μm	400 ml aerosol	
	aluminium-coloured purest aluminium powder hydrocarbon resin solvent mixture	Operating temperature: $-30 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +400 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ (briefly up to +800 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) Salt spray test: >600 h with 50 µm layer thickness Optimal layer thickness: 30 µm	400 ml aerosol	
	bright metallic stainless-steel pigments acrylic resin solvent mixture	Operating temperature: up to +100 °C Optimal layer thickness: 20 µm	400 ml aerosol	

MAINTENANCE PRODUCTS FOR

### ONGOING SERVICE



Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OKS 611 New Formula!	Rust Remover with MoS ₂		<ul> <li>For destruction-free dismantling of seized or rusted-in machine elements</li> <li>Excellent creep properties</li> <li>Displaces moisture</li> <li>Good sliding properties through MoS₂</li> <li>Universal rust dissolver for industry, workshop and maintenance applications</li> </ul>
OKS 621	(F)Rost Breaker		<ul> <li>Destruction-free dismantling of seized or rusted-in machine elements</li> <li>Breaks open corrosion layers by cooling down to -40 °C</li> <li>Penetration of creep oil into microsize cracks</li> <li>Fast-acting rust dissolver for industry, workshop and maintenance applications</li> </ul>
OKS 1360 OKS 1361*	Silicone Release Agent		<ul> <li>Parting agent and lubricant for use in processing plastics</li> <li>Chemically neutral</li> <li>Solvent-free</li> <li>Displaces water</li> <li>Fitting aid for rubber profiles</li> <li>Lubrication of cutting edges</li> <li>Care and impregnation of plastic surfaces and textiles (OKS 1361)</li> </ul>
OKS 1510 OKS 1511*	Release Agent, silicone-free		<ul> <li>Silicone-free parting agent for arc and inert-gas arc welding</li> <li>No burning on of weld spatters</li> <li>Increases torch service life</li> <li>Highly-effective mould release agent for processing plastics</li> <li>Universal solvent-based welding spray</li> </ul>
OKS 1600 OKS 1601*	Spatter Release, water-based concentrate		<ul> <li>Environmentally friendly, water-based parting agent for arc and inert-gas arc welding</li> <li>No burning on of weld spatters</li> <li>Increases torch service life</li> <li>Can be removed residue-free</li> <li>Universal, silicone-free, welding parting-agent concentrate</li> </ul>
OKS 2711	Refrigerating Spray		<ul> <li>Rapid undercooling of smaller surfaces and parts down to -45 °C</li> <li>Simulation of cold-start conditions on motor vehicle engines</li> <li>For locating thermally-related interruptions</li> <li>Protects adjacent areas during soldering and welding</li> <li>Easier mounting with interference fits</li> </ul>
OKS 2731	Compressed-Air Spray		<ul> <li>Removal of loose dirt particles at inaccessible points</li> <li>Dry, oil-free pressurised gas mixture</li> <li>Evaporates quickly and residue-free</li> <li>For maintenance work in electronics and precision mechanics, on optical devices and all types of office machines</li> </ul>



### Maintenance Products

		Mainten	ance Products
Properties/Approvals	Main Components	Application tips	Packaging
	green-black mineral oil MoS ₂ solvent	For optimum effectiveness, clean soiling from corresponding area mechanically. Spray on generously and allow to soak. Repeat as necessary. Operating temperature: $-30 \degree C \rightarrow +60 \degree C / 150 \degree C$ (After evaporation of the solvent) Viscosity (40 °C): > 3 mm ² /s.	400 ml aerosol
	light-coloured mineral oil solvent	Before applying, remove coarse soiling. Shake can before use. Spray on from distance of $10 - 15$ cm and allow to soak in for approx. $1 - 2$ min. Repeat as necessary. Operating temperature: $-10 ^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow +40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ .	400 ml aerosol
NSE.	colourless silicone oil	For optimum effect, apply or spray on an even, thin layer of the product and avoid excessive lubrication. Operating temperature: $-50 \degree C \rightarrow +200 \degree C$	1 I tin 5 I canister 25 I canister 400 mI aerosol*
OKS 1361: NSF H1 Reg. No. 129481			
pro plastic meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid meansaid mea	yellowish vegetable base oil solvent	For optimum effect, clean surfaces mechanically and with OKS 2611. Spray on an even, thin coating t application area from a distance of 20 – 30 cm. We recommend carrying out a test before processing the workpieces further, for example through galvanising.	400 ml aerosol*
	transparent natural greasy oil water	For optimum effect, clean surfaces mechanically and with OKS 2610/OKS 2611. Depending on application, dilute OKS 1600 with water in 1:5 ratio and apply an even thin coating.	5 l canister 25 l canister 400 ml aerosol*
	colourless active and propellant gases	Spraying of cooled parts until desired temperature is reached. Do not use with voltage connected and keep away from ignition sources.	400 ml aerosol
	colourless active and propellant gases	Spray surface at shorter intervals from a distance of approx. 10 cm. Do not shake can before use and hold vertically when spraying. Do not use with voltage connected and keep away from ignition sources.	400 ml aerosol

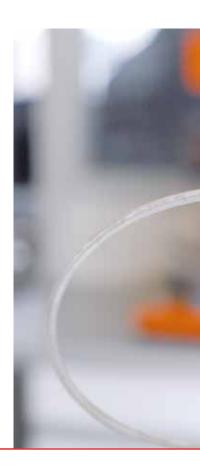
MAINTENANCE PRODUCTS FOR

### ONGOING SERVICE

### Maintenance Products



Maintenance Products			
Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OKS 2800 OKS 2801*	Leak Detector		<ul> <li>Location of leaks on pressurised lines, fittings and containers</li> <li>Formation of bubbles indicates loss of gas</li> <li>Physiologically harmless</li> <li>For use on pneumatic, oxygen and gas systems as well as refrigerating machines</li> </ul>
OKS 2811	Leak Detector, frost-proof		<ul> <li>Location of leaks on pressurised lines, fittings and containers down to -15 °C</li> <li>Formation of bubbles indicates loss of gas</li> <li>Physiologically harmless</li> <li>For use on pneumatic, oxygen and gas systems as well as refrigerating machines</li> </ul>
OKS 2901	Belt Tuning	I	<ul> <li>Increases belt tension force</li> <li>Prevents slip</li> <li>Protects belt against drying out and wearing</li> <li>Increases service life</li> <li>Prevents squeaking</li> <li>For universal use on all V-belts, round and flat belts</li> </ul>





### Maintenance Products

Properties / Approvals	Main Components	Application tips	Packaging	
Approval under DIN DVGW Mark of conformity NG 5170AO0659	transparent active ingredients corrosion protection water	Wetting of area to be checked wit system, brush or by spraying on. I bubbles indicates leaks. Protect a When using on polyamide lines, w with water afterwards. Operating t $0^{\circ}C \rightarrow +50^{\circ}C$ (DVGW).	Formation of gainst frost. vash off product	5 l canister 25 l canister 400 ml aerosol*
Approval under DIN DVGW Mark of conformity DG-5170CN0340	colourless active ingredients corrosion protection water	Wetting of area to be checked with brush or by spraying on. Formation indicates leaks. When using on pol wash off with water afterwards. Op temperature: $-15 \degree C \rightarrow +50 \degree C$ (DVG	of bubbles yamide lines, perating	400 ml aerosol
	yellowish adhesive oil solvent	For optimum adhesion, clean belt with OKS 2611. Spray belt evenly. for 30 min before operating. Repea Check compatibility with plastic be Operating temperature: up to +80	Allow to soak in at as necessary. efore use.	400 ml aerosol



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### CLEANERS FOR THOROUGH REMOVAL OF SOILING AND LUBRICANT RESIDUES



Product	Designation	Fields of Application	Purpose
OKS 2610 OKS 2611*	Universal Cleaner		<ul> <li>For machine parts and surfaces with oily or greasy soiling</li> <li>Evaporates quickly and residue-free</li> <li>High cleaning power</li> <li>Cleaner for lubrication and glueing points</li> </ul>
OKS 2621	Contact Cleaner		<ul> <li>To remove soiling that can cause creepage currents</li> <li>No running thanks to fast evaporation</li> <li>For example, for cleaning distribution boards, switches, relays, potentiometers, plug-in connections, sliding and screw contacts</li> </ul>
OKS 2631	Multi-Foam Cleaner, Spray		<ul> <li>Removes firmly adhering organic soiling such as nicotine, fat and silicone films</li> <li>Cleans metals, plastics, glass and rubber in the gastronomy, office and vehicle fields gently and without leaving stripes</li> <li>Ideally suitable for vertical surfaces</li> </ul>
окs 2650 BIOlogic	BIOlogic Industrial Cleaner, water-based concentrate		<ul> <li>Aqueous cleaner for removing heavy oily, greasy and sooty soiling</li> <li>Biodegradable</li> <li>Good separation behaviour</li> <li>Gentle to delicate surfaces</li> <li>For universal use in industry, workshop and food processing technology</li> </ul>
OKS 2660 OKS 2661*	Fast Cleaner		<ul> <li>For machine parts and surfaces with oily or greasy soiling</li> <li>Evaporates quickly and residue-free</li> <li>High cleaning power</li> <li>Ideal for preparation of bonded connections and cleaning of lubricating points</li> <li>Brake cleaner</li> </ul>
OKS 2670 OKS 2671*	Intensive Cleaner for the Food Processing Industry		<ul> <li>For removing aged and gummy oil and grease residues</li> <li>For dissolving silicone and adhesive residues</li> <li>Evaporates quickly and residue-free</li> <li>High cleaning action</li> <li>Good compatibility to common plastics</li> <li>For use in the food processing, livestock feed and pharmaceutical industries</li> </ul>
OKS 2681	Adhesive and Paint Remover		<ul> <li>For the removal of stubborn impurities, such as residues of sealants, paints and adhesives, bitumen and tar splashes</li> <li>Can be used on metal, stainless steel, glass, wood and ceramics</li> <li>Can be washed off well with water after use</li> <li>Low effect on climate</li> <li>For use in industry, workshops and trade</li> </ul>



### Cleaners

Properties/Approvals	Main Components	Application tips Packaging	
- Automation	colourless solvent mixture	Generously wet or spray the surfaces to be cleaned from a short distance and rub down with cloths if necessary. Then allow to dry at room temperature. Check resistance of plastics and paintwork before using.	5 l canister 25 l canister 25 l drum 200 l drum 500 ml aerosol*
	colourless solvent mixture	Switch off voltage and discharge electrostatic charging before use. Spray until desired cleanliness is achieved. Due to the wide variety of plastics used in electrical engineering, check plas- tics for corresponding resistance before use.	400 ml aerosol
Stress crack test to DIN EN ISO 22088-3 passed	bluish anionic surfactants additives water	Shake can well before use. Spray on evenly from a distance of about 20 – 30 cm. Wipe off with a clean cloth. In the case of special coating check for compatibility.	400 ml aerosol
(NSF)	red non-ionic surfactants silicates	Depending on the degree of soiling, can be diluted with water to a maximum of 1:10. pH value: 11.0 (concentrate)	500 ml pump sprayer 5 l canister 25 l canister 200 l drum
NSF A1 Reg. No. 129003			
THE REPORT	colourless solvent mixture	Generously spray the surfaces to be cleaned from a short distance and rub down with cloths if necessary. Then allow to dry at room temperature. Check resistance of plastics and paintwork before using.	25 I canister 56 I drum 600 ml aerosol*
OKS 2670: NSF K1/K3 Reg. No. 149997 OKS 2671: NSF K1/K3 Reg. No. 149998	colourless solvent mixture	Generously wet the surfaces to be cleaned and, if necessary, support the cleaning process through rubbing down. Subsequently allow to dry comple- tely at room temperature. Do not use at surfaces made of EPDM elastomers and silicones. In case of sensitive materials check the suitability before use. Caution: Observe the specifications of the NSF when used in the food processing industry.	5 l canister 25 l canister 200 l drum 400 ml aerosol*
	colourless solvent mixture	Shake can well before use. Spray onto the sur- faces to be cleaned and, depending on the degree of soiling, allow it to react for a longer period. Subsequently wipe off with a moist cloth. Check resistance of plastics and painted surfaces before using.	400 ml aerosol

# The economic and ecological alternative to the spray can

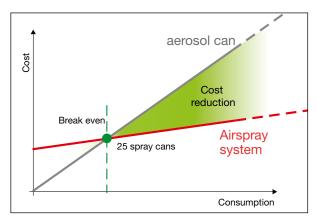
The pressure spray system consists of the Airspray can and a unit for filling the can with product and compressed air. The air serves as a harmless propellant gas. OKS products such as oils and cleaning agents can be processed by means of corresponding valves and spray heads.

#### Avoiding waste – reducing costs

The OKS Airspray-System prevents waste and reduces costs. Disposal cost that would arise if spray cans were used, are reduced. A small investment in environmental protection that pays off rapidly.

#### **Robust and safe**

The indestructible Airspray can was developed specially for rough usage in industrial operation and in workshops. In order to ensure that the specified hazardous substances marking and a clear assignment of the filled can to the product are fulfilled, corresponding product labels are provided for download at www.oks-germany.com.



Cost efficiency calculation for OKS 2610 Universal Cleaner

### **Proven and favourable**

Whether in the workshop or in industrial maintenance. For more than 15 years the Airspray-System has proven itself as the trouble-free and inexpensive alternative to the spray can.

# OKS Airspray filling station in comparison to conventional spray can

A comparison of the cost effectiveness of the OKS Airspray-System with the use of conventional OKS 2611 spray cans shows that a cost reduction through the use of the OKS Airspray-System already results after the use of 25 spray cans.



## System components and products

#### Filling station for use in workshops

The filling station allows simple filling of the Airspray can with compressed air. It is suitable for fixed mounting for example near the product location or at the workplace.



How to do it: Fill the product into the Airspay can, insert the rising tube with adapter, place the valve

with spray head onto the adapter and screw handtight with the union nut. Place the can with the valve on the filling station, press down for approx. 2 s. Ready to spray.

### Automatic filling unit for industrial users

The automatic filling unit allows filling of the Airspray can with product and compressed air in one pass.

How to do it: The automatic filling unit is connected to the product container through the suction line. The Airspray can is pressed into the "Active substance-air tapping point" (red) for filling. The



can can be filled or refilled with compressed air through the additional "Air tapping point" (black).



The OKS Airspray-System on Youtube.

### Airspray spray sets

A Universal spray set which is not product-specific allows the perfect usage of the Airspray can with the applicable OKS products. This spray set encompasses three different spray heads which differ in their spray pattern and spray rate and can thus be selected flexibly to ideally suit the respective application conditions. The spray heads are fitted with Viton seals to achieve high application stability. To allow clear allocation of the filled can to the OKS product used the corresponding labels can be downloaded under www.oks-germany.com. The blank label templates for printing are enclosed with the spray set.

#### **Drain cocks**

Reusable drain cocks for filling into the Airspray can without dripping or leaking, suitable for all 5 I and 25 I OKS plastic canisters.

# The following OKS products are suitable for use with the Airspray-System

OKS 370
OKS 390
OKS 600
OKS 640
OKS 700
OKS 1510
OKS 1600
OKS 2610
OKS 2650
OKS 2660
OKS 2670
OKS 2800
OKS 8600



Further details on the application and the usage of the OKS Airspray system are provided in the **operation manual** that can be obtained in the download section of www.oks-germany.com.



# Electromechanical lubricating systems – automatic and independent of temperature

ChronoLube is the ideal combination of OKS speciality lubricants with an electromechanical lubricator. This enables the automatic supply of lubricating points with oil and grease. In the dosage you require and at the right time – without under- or over-lubrication.

Simply install the ChronoLube Drive together with the suitable ChronoLube Cartridge at the lubricating point and set the dispensing time (in monthly steps) in accordance with your requirements.

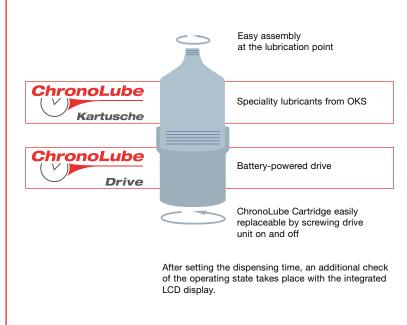
Whether lubricating point that is difficult to reach, strong vibrations or extremely high ambient temperatures, OKS can provide you with the right accessories for trouble-free use of the ChronoLube-System. We will be pleased to advise in detail.

# ChronoLube, the ideal lubrication system for:

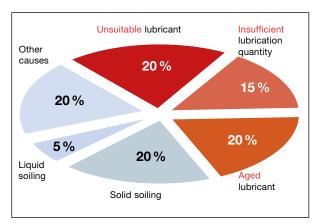
Roller bearings
Friction bearings
Chains
Open gears
etc.

### Highlights

- □ Operating temperature -10°C to +60°C
- Continuous fill level monitoring with transparent housing
- Dispensing time can be set in monthly steps
- Dispensing duration individually adjustable when changing cartridge
- Display of operating state with LCD display (e.g. operation, empty, fault)
- Reusable drive
- Replaceable battery set



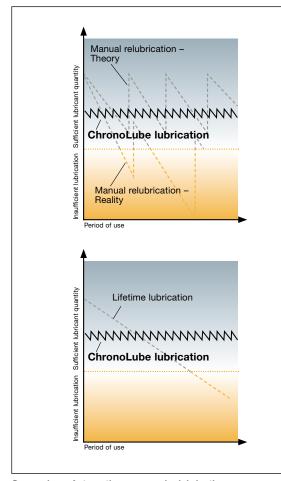




### Avoid damage and save cost

Continuous, automatically controlled lubrication by ChronoLube mainly prevents: annoying, expensive production downtimes. Thanks to precise, individually adjusted lubricant dosage, a sudden standstill or frequent maintenance intervals due to poor lubrication are now a thing of the past.

Causes of failure of roller bearings



Comparison: Automatic vs. manual relubrication

#### **Comparison of lubrication systems**

ChronoLube is highly superior to manual relubrication and lifetime lubrication with regard to precision and reliability.



The ChronoLube-System is identified by this sign.

www.oks-germany.com

### LUBRICATING DEVICES FOR PRACTICAL USE

## Solutions for continuous use in industry

### Lever grease gun

The practical grease gun for reliable, economical application of greases. Thanks to its well thought-out design and rugged construction, it stands up under even the toughest conditions. Available separately or in the Lubricating Set (20 cartridges of OKS 400 including a lever grease gun).



### Sprayboy

Together with the spray can, the sprayboy becomes the perfect spraying device. It enables simple, fatigue-free handling and exact, controlled dosing of the spray mist. (Suitable for all OKS standard spray cans with a size of 400 ml or bigger. Do not use together with Airspray can).



### Adapter set for Reiner lever grease gun

The adapter set for the Reiner lever grease gun system for rapid and simple conversion to 400 ml DIN cartridges. Thanks to its simple mounting, all OKS product cartridges can be used with the Reiner lever grease gun without much additional effort or high additional costs.

Available as a set with 10 adapters each with threads and cartridge covers, a reducing ring and mounting instructions.



### WHAT YOU CAN EXPECT FROM OKS – PERFORMANCE THAT MOVES

# Maximum product quality, active occupational health and safety and consistent environmental protection

These three factors form the major factors for the sustainable success of our company and our industrial and commercial customers worldwide.

OKS is oriented towards the development, production and sales of lubricants, maintenance and corrosion protection products of the highest possible quality. Our focus lies on customers who are satisfied with our products and our performance.

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All employees are committed to the high quality, environmental protection and work protection demands. Continues personnel development results in active participation in implementing the corresponding targets.

Our high quality and environmental standards are already ingrained in our product development. Environmental protection and the user's safety have the greatest priority for us. Not only through our environmentally conscious company management, but in particular through the development of state-of-the-art lubricants do we contribute to a marked reduction of the negative environmental impact caused by technical factors. We utilise modern production processes in manufacturing our products. In safe and environmentally friendly production processes we keep the effect on man and environment as small as possible.

In cooperation with our local sales partners we place great emphasis on qualification and thus ensure excellent consulting services and competence in solving problems locally.

Our participation in the initiative "We all take care", an initiative of the Freudenberg Group for environmental and work protection and for the reduction of occupational accidents, is further proof that our goals are corporate practice.

The high OKS quality standard is proven by our certification by the TÜV SÜD Management Service GmbH in the fields of quality (ISO 9001:2008), environment (ISO 14001:2004) and work protection (OHSAS 18001:2007).





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